

Formulas

Circum. of circle	$C = 2\pi R$	Cluster gas temp.	$T \approx GMm_H/k_B R$
Area of disk	$A = \pi R^2$	Cluster mass	$M = \langle v^2 \rangle R/G$
Surf. area of sph.	$S = 4\pi R^2$	Redshift	$z \equiv (\lambda_{\text{obs}} - \lambda_{\text{emit}})/\lambda_{\text{emit}}$
Volume of sphere	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$	Doppler shift	$z = v_{\text{rad}}/c$ ($v_{\text{rad}} \ll c$)
Density of object	$\rho = M/V$	Wien's law	$\lambda_{\text{max}} = (0.002898 \text{ m K})/T$
Small-angle form.	$\theta \approx D/d$	Steph.-Boltz. law	$F_{\text{emit}} = \sigma T^4$
Force of gravity	$F = Gm_1 m_2/d^2$	Flux-lumin. rel.	$F_{\text{obs}} = L/4\pi d^2$
Ideal gas law	$P = nk_B T$	Stellar lumin.	$L = 4\pi R^2 \sigma T^4$
Kepler's 3rd law	$P^2 = a^3$	Parallax	$d = 1/p$, d in pc, p in arcsec
Newton's form	$P^2 = \frac{4\pi^2}{G(m_1+m_2)} a^3$	Mag. system	$m_2 - m_1 = 2.5 \log_{10}(F_1/F_2)$
Convenient form	$\frac{m_1+m_2}{M_\odot} = \left(\frac{a}{\text{AU}}\right)^3 / \left(\frac{P}{\text{yr}}\right)^2$	Distance mod.	$m - M = 5 \log_{10}(d/10 \text{ pc})$
Mass balance	$m_1 r_1 = m_2 r_2$	Jeans mass	$M_J = (5k_B T/Gm_p)^{3/2} (3/4\pi\rho)^{1/2}$
Momentum bal.	$m_1 v_1 = m_2 v_2$	Main seq. lifetime	$\tau \approx 1.0 \times 10^{10} (M/M_\odot)^{-2.5} \text{ yr}$
Kinetic energy	$KE = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$	Lorentz factor	$\gamma = 1/\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$
Mass-energy eq.	$E = mc^2$	Special relativity	$t = \gamma t_{\text{prop}}$, $l = l_{\text{prop}}/\gamma$, $m = \gamma m_{\text{prop}}$
Grav. pot. energy	$GPE = -Gm_1 m_2/r$	Schwarz. radius	$R_S = 2GM/c^2 \simeq 3(M/M_\odot) \text{ km}$
Orbital energy	$E = KE + GPE$	Grav. redshift	$z = 1/\sqrt{1 - R_S/r} - 1 \simeq GM/c^2 r$
Circ. orbit speed	$v_{\text{circ}} = \sqrt{GM/R}$	Hubble's law	$v_r = H_0 d$ or $d = cz/H_0$ ($z \ll 1$)
Escape speed	$v_{\text{esc}} = \sqrt{2GM/R}$	Eddington lumin.	$L_{\text{Edd}} \simeq 30,000 (M/M_\odot) L_\odot$
Orbital speed law	$v = \sqrt{GM_r/r}$, $M_r = rv^2/G$	Cosmo. redshift	$z = R_{\text{now}}/R_{\text{then}} - 1$
		Critical density	$\rho_{\text{crit}} = 3H^2/8\pi G$

Units

Astronomical unit	1 AU = $1.496 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$
Light-year	1 ly = $9.461 \times 10^{15} \text{ m} = 6.324 \times 10^4 \text{ AU}$
Parsec	1 pc = $3.086 \times 10^{16} \text{ m} = 3.262 \text{ ly} = 2.063 \times 10^5 \text{ AU}$
Year	1 yr = $365.25 \text{ d/yr} \times 24 \text{ h/d} \times 60 \text{ min/h} \times 60 \text{ s/min} = 3.15576 \times 10^7 \text{ s}$
Degree of arc	$1^\circ = 60' \text{ (arcmin)} = 3600'' \text{ (arcsec)}$; $180^\circ = \pi \text{ rad}$
Electron-Volt	1 eV = $1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

Quantities

Mass of Sun	$M_\odot = 1.989 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$
Radius of Sun	$R_\odot = 6.955 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$
Effective temperature of Sun	$T_\odot = 5.778 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$
Observed flux from Sun	$F_\odot = 1.361 \times 10^3 \text{ W m}^{-2}$ (app. mag. -26.7)
Luminosity of Sun	$L_\odot = 3.839 \times 10^{26} \text{ W}$ (abs. mag. +4.83)
Mass of hydrogen atom	$m_H = 1.674 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Hubble constant	$H_0 = \sim 70 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1} = 2.3 \times 10^{-18} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Metric Prefixes

n (nano)	10^{-9}
μ (micro)	10^{-6}
m (milli)	10^{-3}
k (kilo)	10^3
M (mega)	10^6
G (giga)	10^9
T (tera)	10^{12}

Constants

Speed of light	$c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Gravitational constant	$G = 6.673 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-2}$
Planck's constant	$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg s}^{-1}$
Stefan-Boltzmann constant	$\sigma = 5.670 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$
Boltzmann constant	$k_B = 1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$