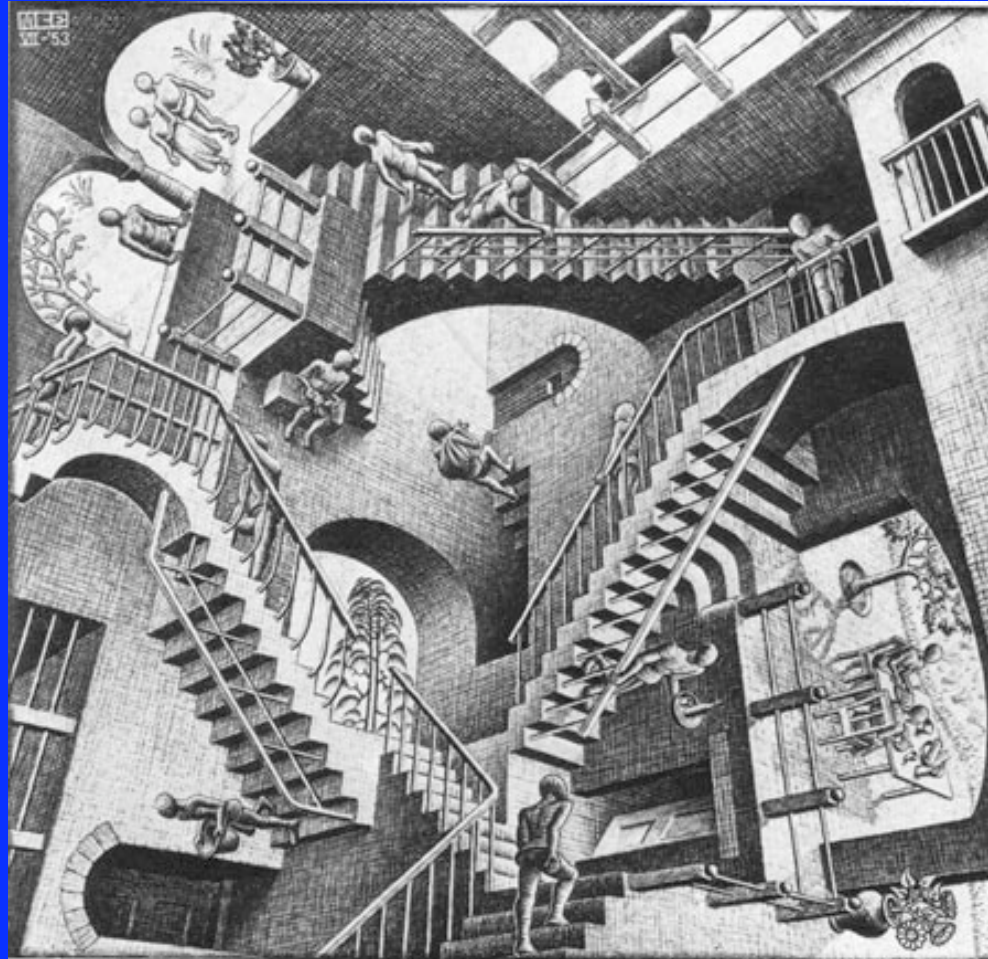


# ASTR 380

## Relativity and Time Travel



M. C. Escher

# Outline

- Special relativity
- The twin paradox
- General relativity
- Time travel and the grandfather paradox
- Faster than the speed of light?
- Wormholes and warp drive

Idea: what could an arbitrarily advanced alien species do?

# The Equivalence Principle

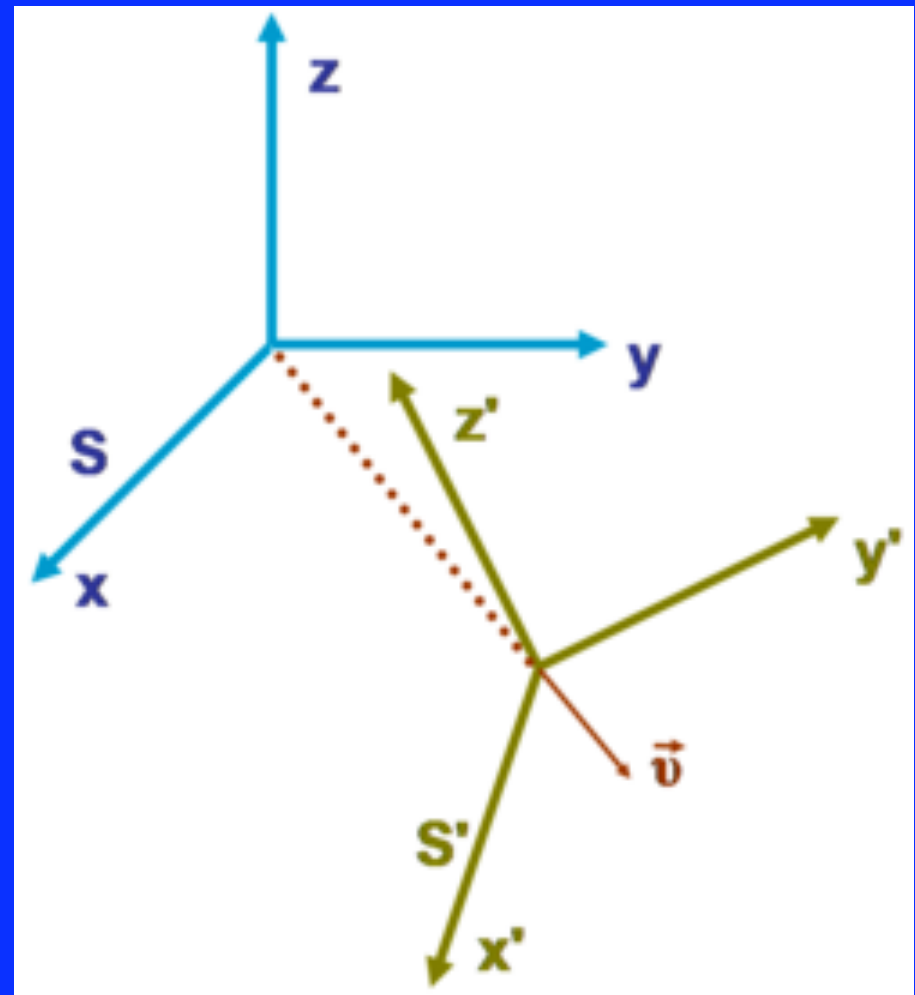
Throughout this lecture, please  
keep in mind:

No matter how something moves or how  
strong a gravitational field it is in, all local  
effects/times/whatever appear to operate  
normally to it.

Therefore, I can't increase my  
lifetime as I see it, although others may  
see me living longer than normal in  
some situations.

# What Do We Mean By Relativity?

- Suppose you make measurements of some event or process
- Suppose I am in a different *reference frame* (e.g., moving differently)
- What do I measure?



# Ancients: Absolute Motion

- Argument against moving Earth
- We'd feel it, right?
- Motion in air clearly different from non-motion, so Earth can't rotate or move



# Galilean Relativity

- Galileo: only relative motion matters
- In uniformly moving ship, all experiments come out same way as at rest on ground
- Earth *can* move!



# Velocity Addition

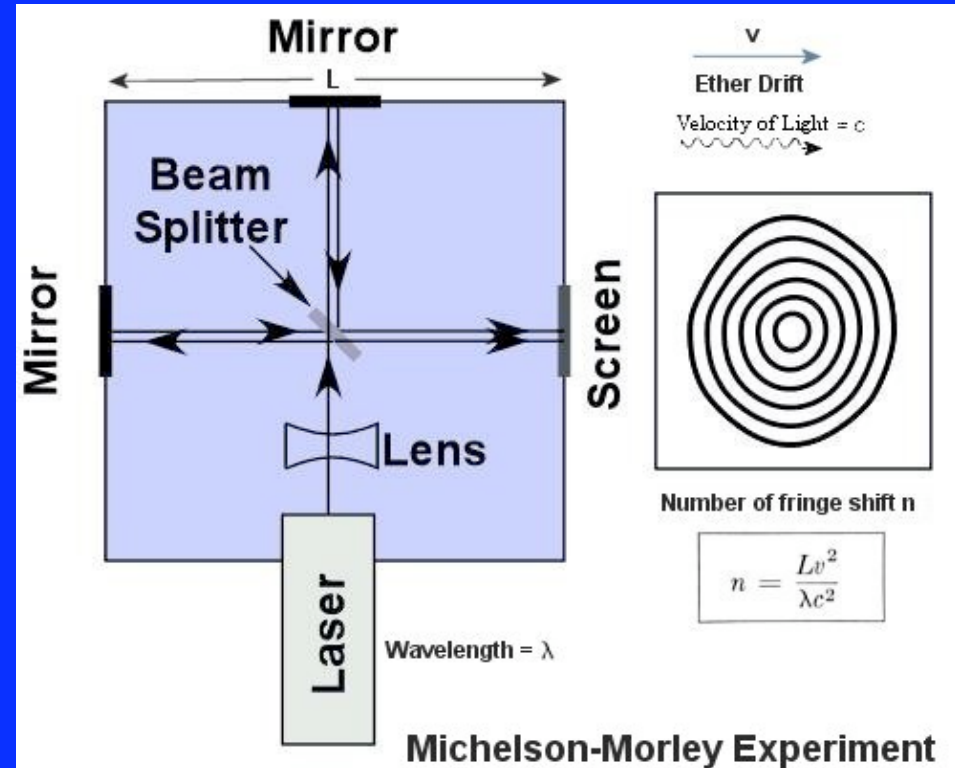
- Common sense
- Moving on train at speed  $v_1$
- Throw ball in same direction at speed  $v_2$
- On ground, would see  $v_1 + v_2$
- Obvious, right?



<http://www.camp5museum.org/media/photos1/train1.jpg>

# Michelson-Morley Experiment

- Should be that speed of light also seems different to different observers
- But experiment shows *everyone* measures same speed!
- What gives?



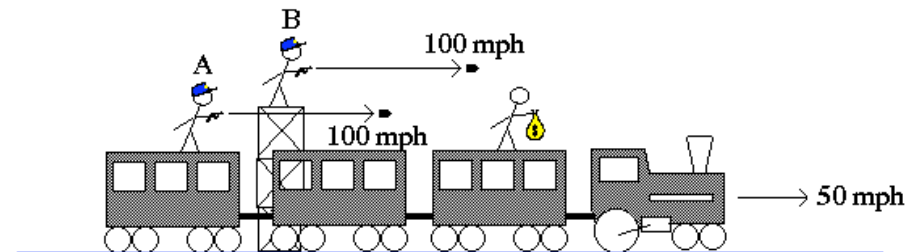
<http://universe-review.ca/I15-57-ether.jpg>



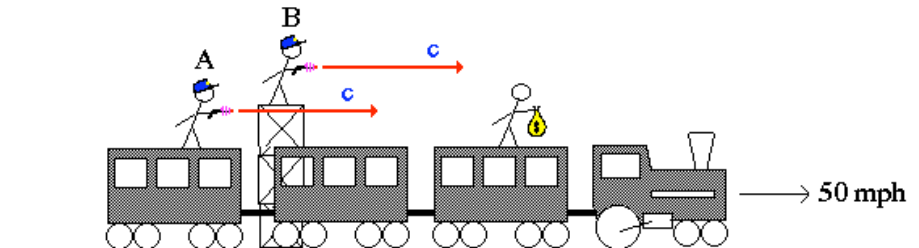
# Constancy of Speed of Light

- Einstein elevated this to a fundamental principle
- Previously unnoticed because we move slowly compared to light
- $c \sim 300,000$  km/s

Relativistic Train Robbery



bullet from A strikes train robber at 100 mph (due to inertia), bullet from B strikes train robber at  $100 - 50 = 50$  mph

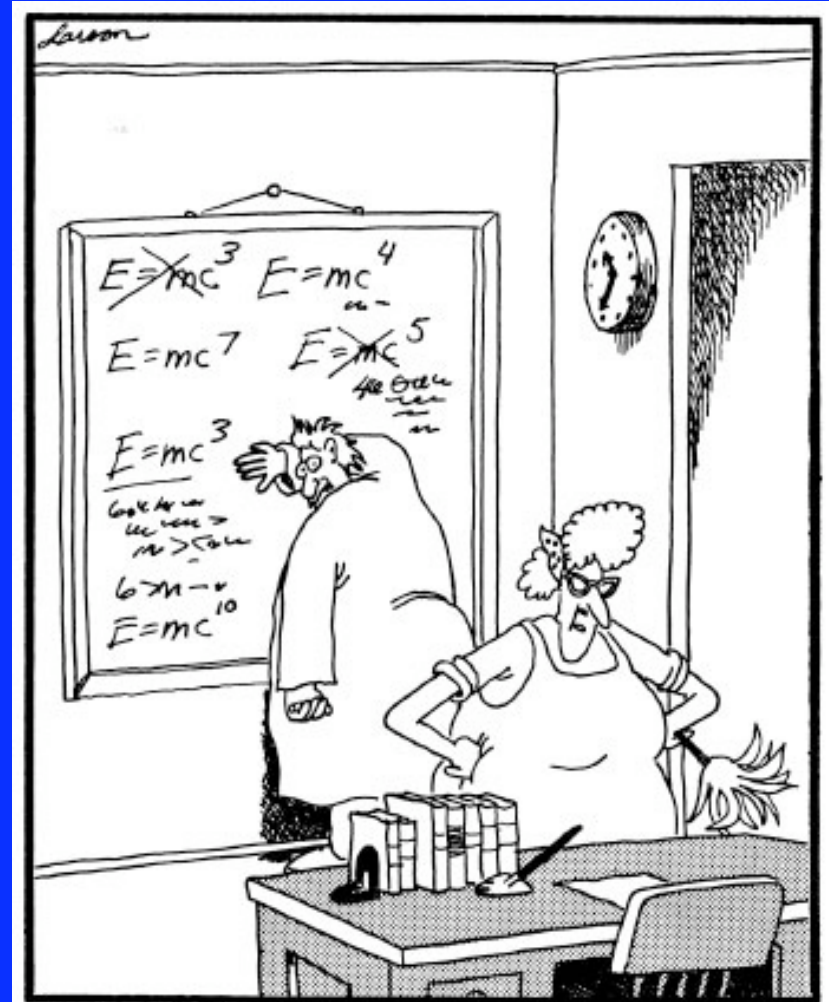


relativity states that the speed of light is constant in all frames, thus the light rays from both A and B strike the train robber at the same time, and at the speed of light,  $c$ .

[http://abyss.uoregon.edu/~js/images/train\\_robbery.gif](http://abyss.uoregon.edu/~js/images/train_robbery.gif)

# Special Relativity

- Leads to special relativity
- Effects: moving objects seem more massive and compressed in direction of motion
- Factor:  $\gamma = 1/(1-v^2/c^2)^{1/2}$
- Since motion is relative, both see the other this way!
- Verified by experiments

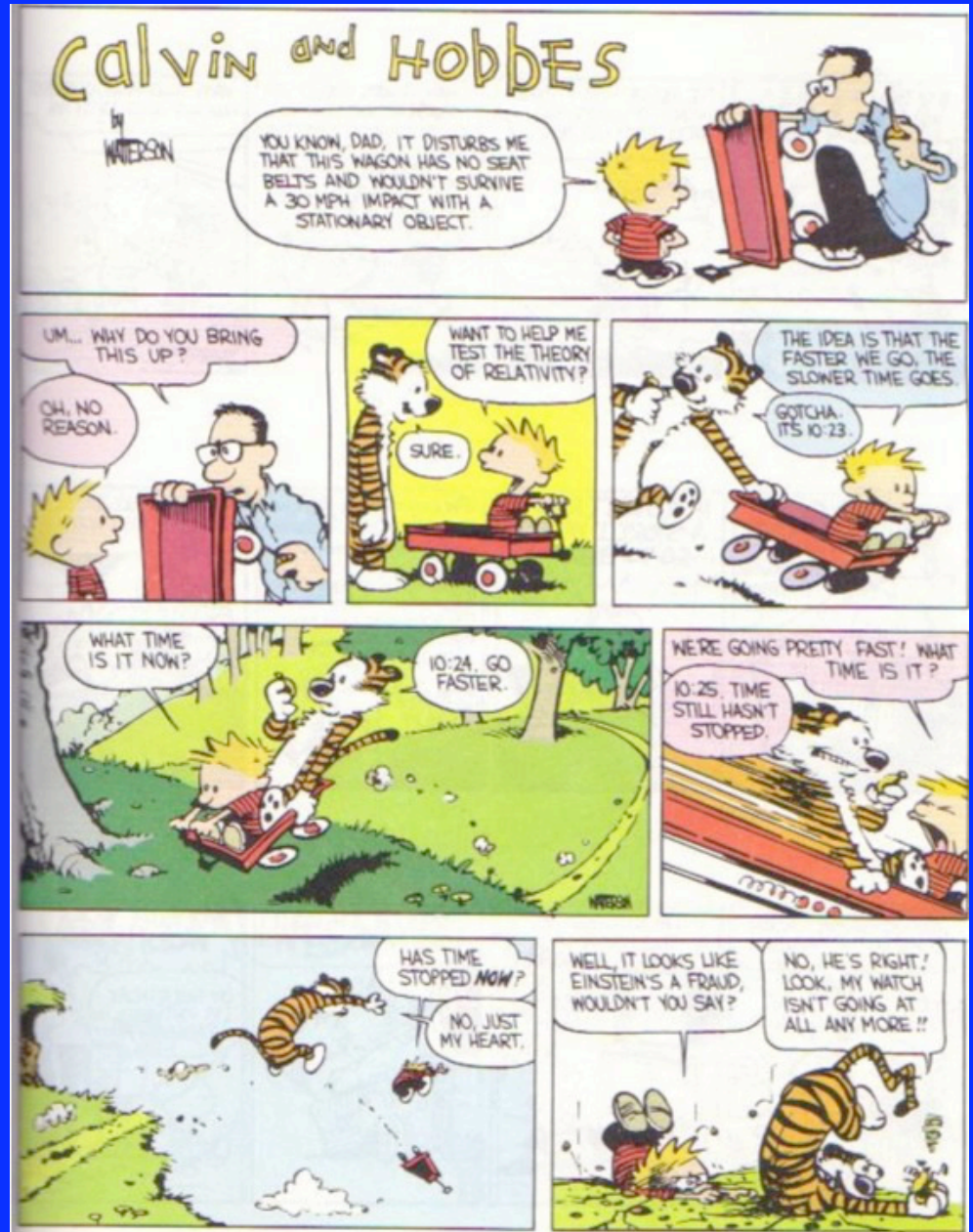


"Now that desk looks better. Everything's squared away, yessir, squaaaaaaared away."

From 'Valley of the Far Side' by Gary Larson  
(Andrews and McMeel, Kansas City and New York)  
ISBN 0-8362-2067-6

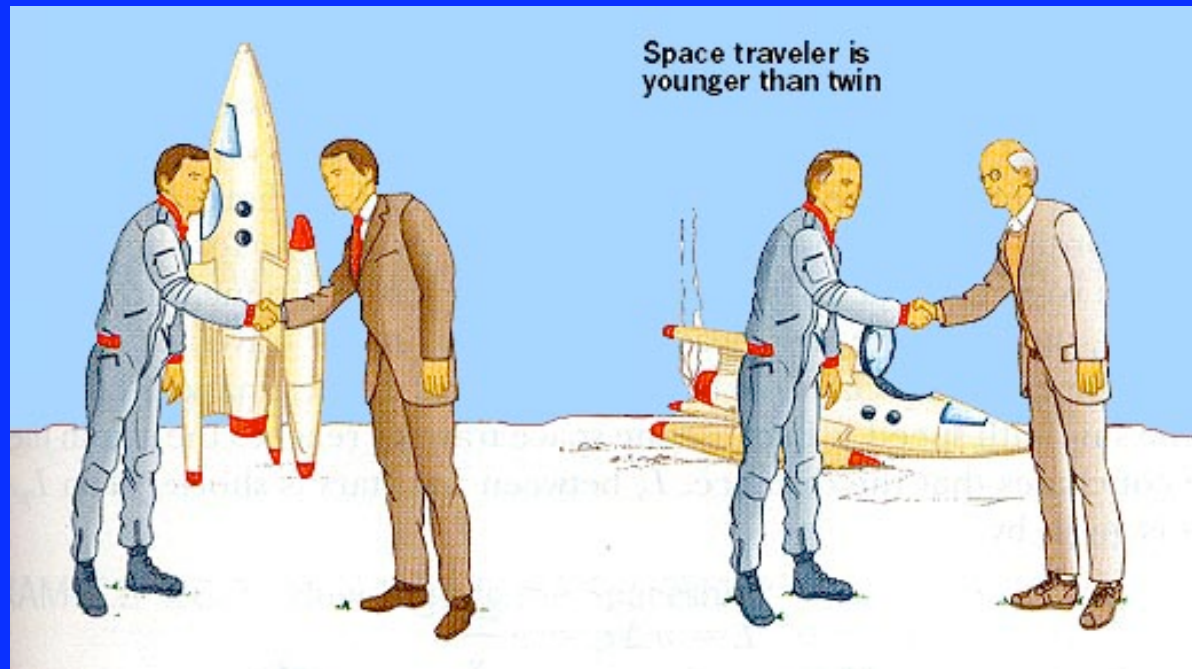
# Time Dilation

- Moving clocks also seem slow, by same factor  $\gamma$
- Therefore, if you travel close to the speed of light, I see you aging more slowly



# The Twin Paradox

- Identical twins
- One goes on  $v \sim c$  journey, appears to age less
- When they meet, traveler is younger
- Can explore galaxy in human lifetime!



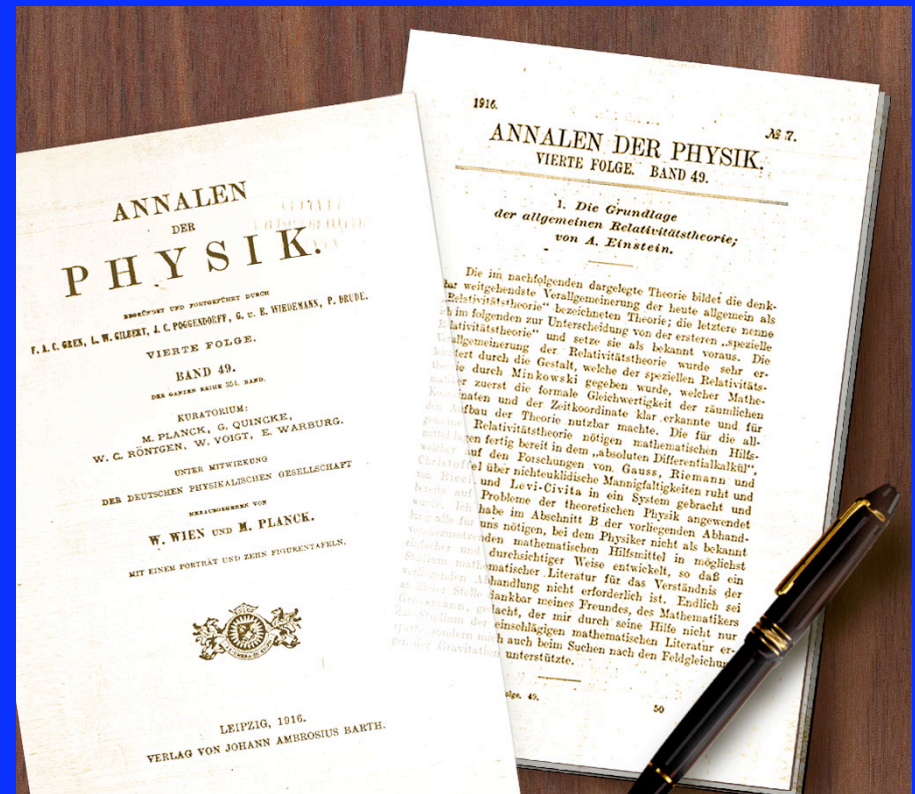
<http://sol.sci.uop.edu/~jfalward/relativity/twinparadox.jpg>

# Interstellar Travel, Revisited

- Therefore, consider a super-advanced species
- Since  $\gamma = 1/(1-v^2/c^2)^{1/2}$  can become as large as desired for  $v$  close enough to  $c$ , time dilation factor can be as big as wanted
- Want to go a billion years into future?  
Ramp up  $\gamma$ , wait 10 years of your time!

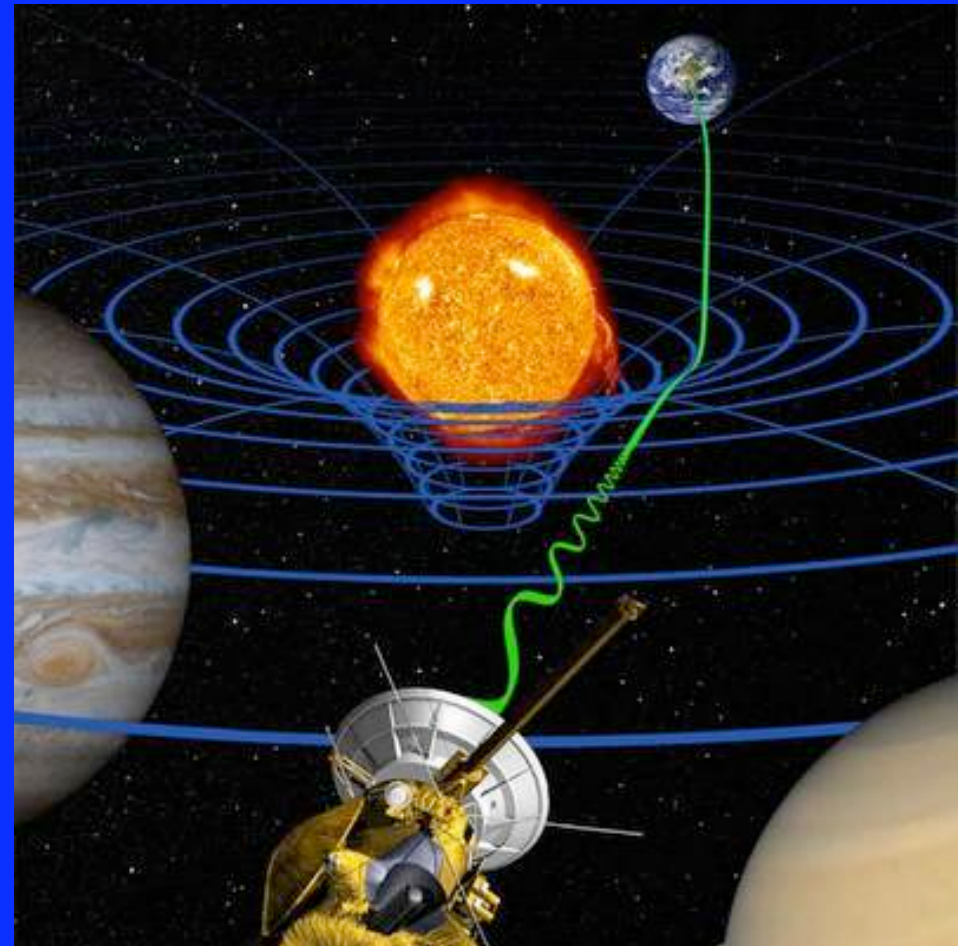
# General Relativity

- Einstein wasn't done
- Special theory only deals with uniform motion
- What about accelerations?
- General theory is our best theory of gravity



# Warping Spacetime

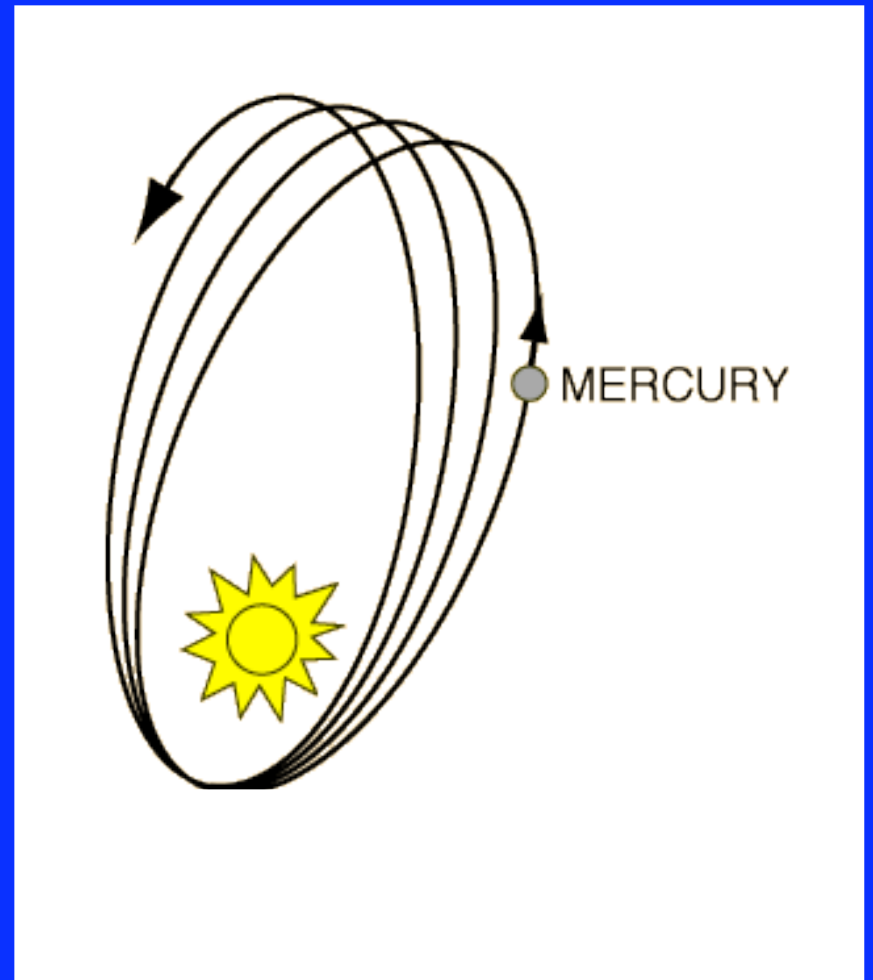
- Basic idea: gravity warps spacetime
- Changes distances but also times measured from different places



Cassini mission to Saturn

# Effect: Orbital Precession

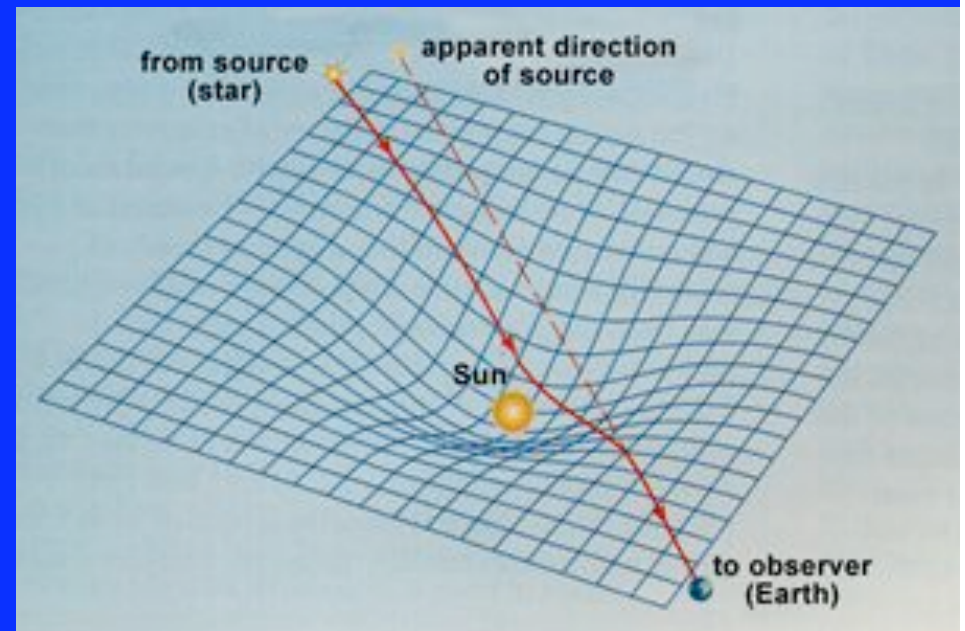
- Orbits don't quite close
- Tiny amount of precession, but observed in Mercury
- Explained well by Einstein's theory





# Effect: Light Deflection

- Warping of spacetime changes path of light
- Only 1/2000 of degree near limb of Sun
- Near black hole, can circle many times around



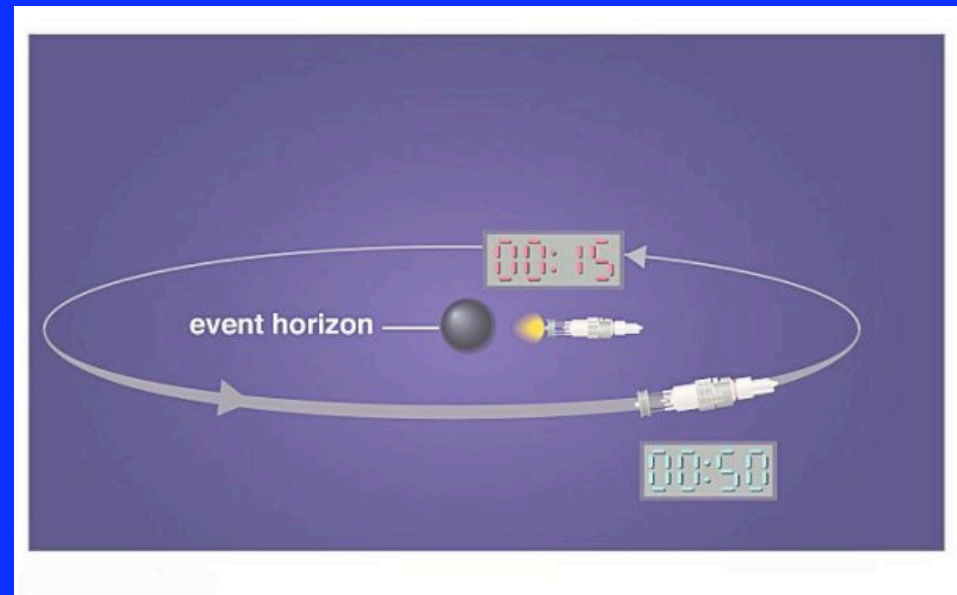
[http://www.open2.net/science/finalfrontier/space\\_time/images/map.jpg](http://www.open2.net/science/finalfrontier/space_time/images/map.jpg)

# Einstein the Superstar

- Light deflection made Einstein into a global celebrity
- In 1919, after World War I, Sir Arthur Stanley Eddington confirmed prediction
- English astronomer confirms German physicist's overthrow of Newton, an English physicist

# Time Dilation

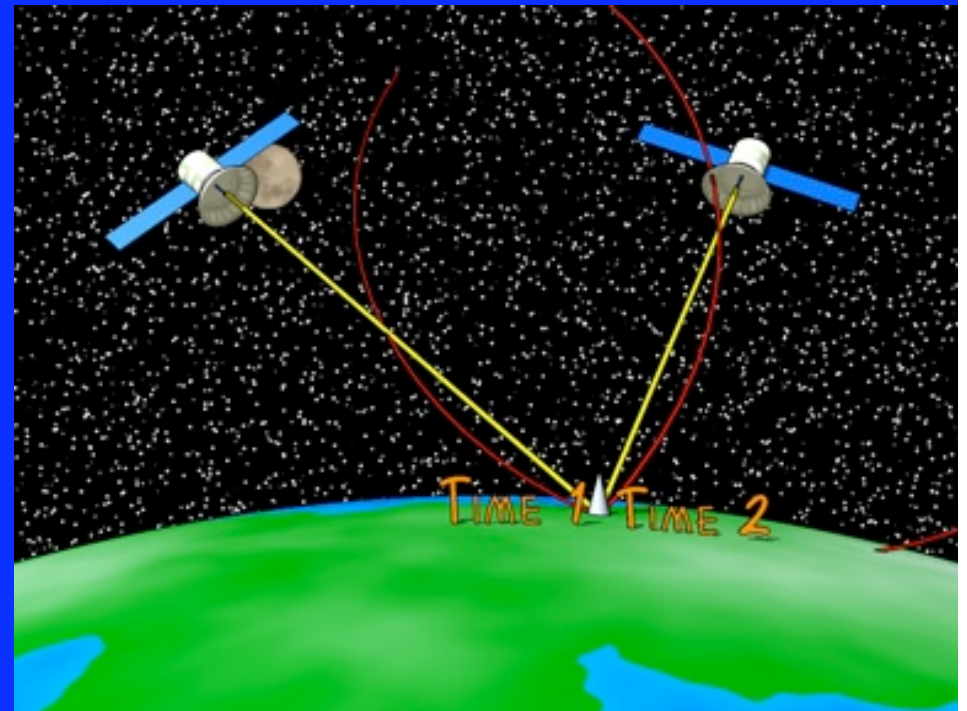
- Most important effect for our purposes!
- Clock deep in gravitational well seems to run slowly
- It would see ours running fast
- Effects subtle except close to a black hole



<http://universe-review.ca/I15-61-dilation.jpg>

# Practical Effects of GR?

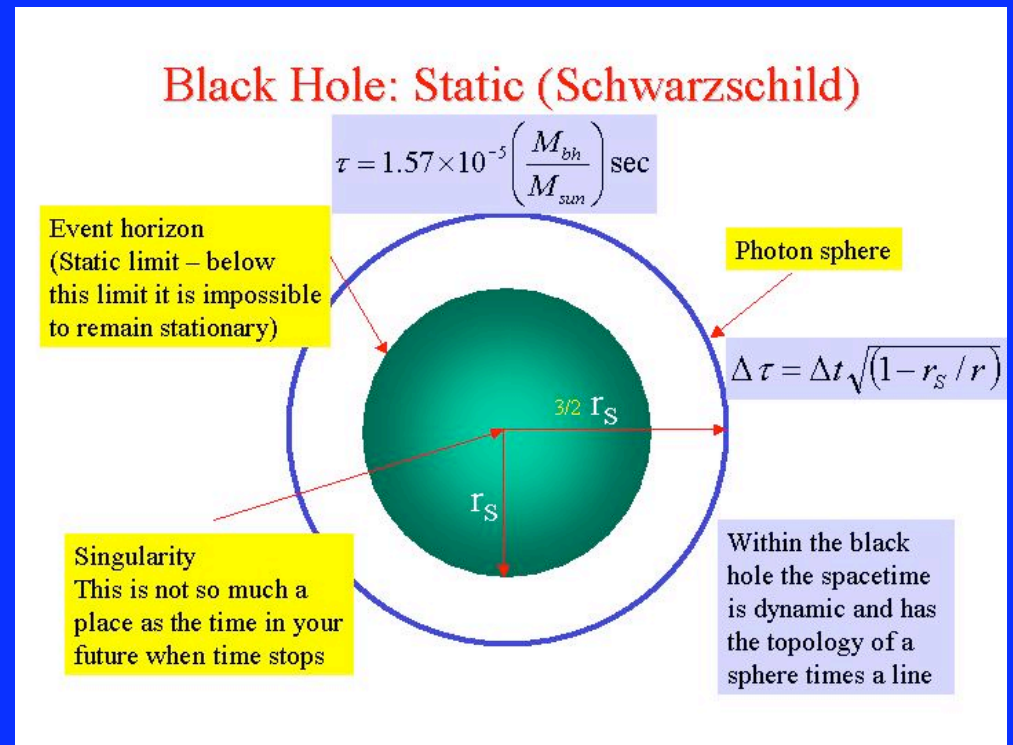
- Global positioning system
- Must account for GR time dilation effect
- Otherwise, would drift rapidly out of alignment
- You never know the benefits of research!



<http://www.whylearnthat.co.uk/GPSPic.jpg>

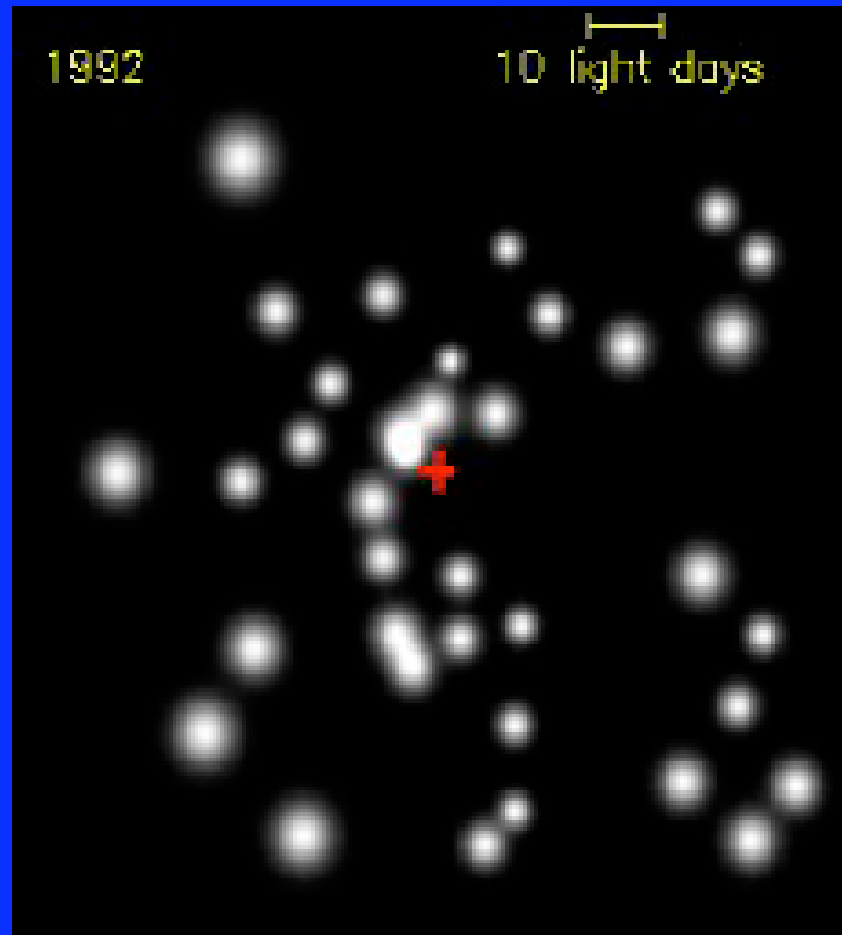
# Black Holes

- John Michell, 1783: would most massive things be dark?
- Modern view based on general relativity
- Event horizon: point of no return
- Near BH, strong distortions of spacetime



# Do BH exist? Yes!

## Stars at the Galactic Center



Reinhard Genzel et al.

# Black Holes as Powerhouses

- Matter spiraling into black hole is hot
- Emits lots of energy
- Powers brightest things in universe (quasars)
- Could be used by aliens as power source!



Image credit: NASA

# Implications for Aliens

- Suppose an alien wanted to see the future but not travel
- If they could withstand gravity, and had unlimited rockets, could hover just outside a black hole
- In short time for them, long time would pass for universe

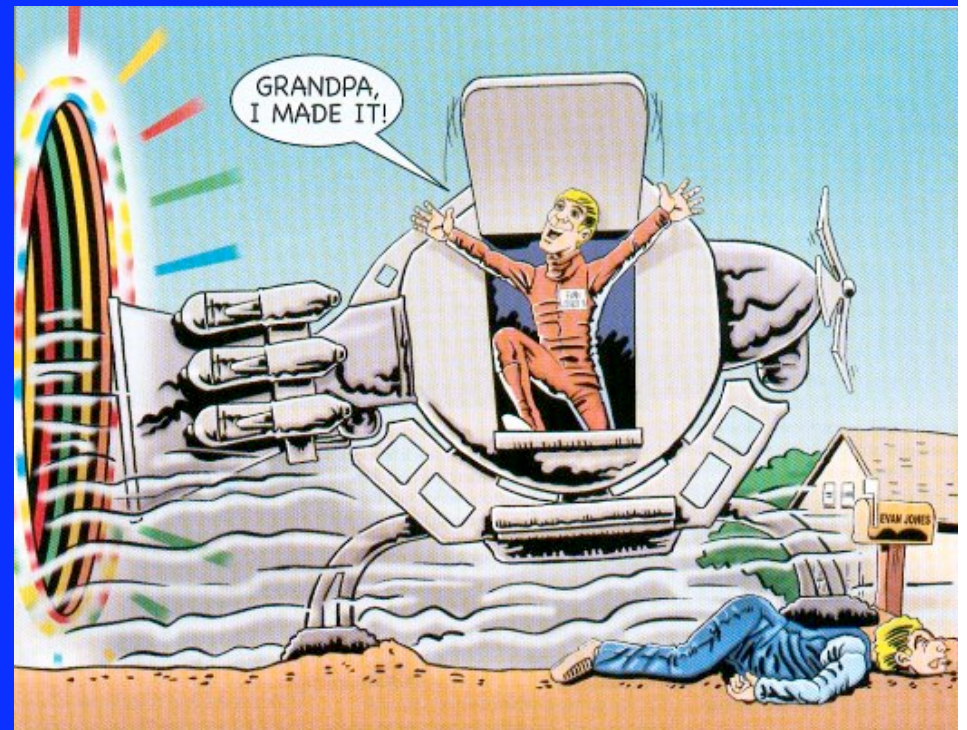


# What About the Past?

- We have seen two ways (in principle!) to advance rapidly in time
- But could we go backwards?
- What are the implications of time travel?

# The Grandfather Paradox

- Suppose I go back in time and kill my grandfather
- Thus, no father and no me
- But then I couldn't go back, so grandpa lives
- But then I *could* go back, so he dies
- ...and so on



<http://universe-review.ca/I15-50-grandpa2.jpg>

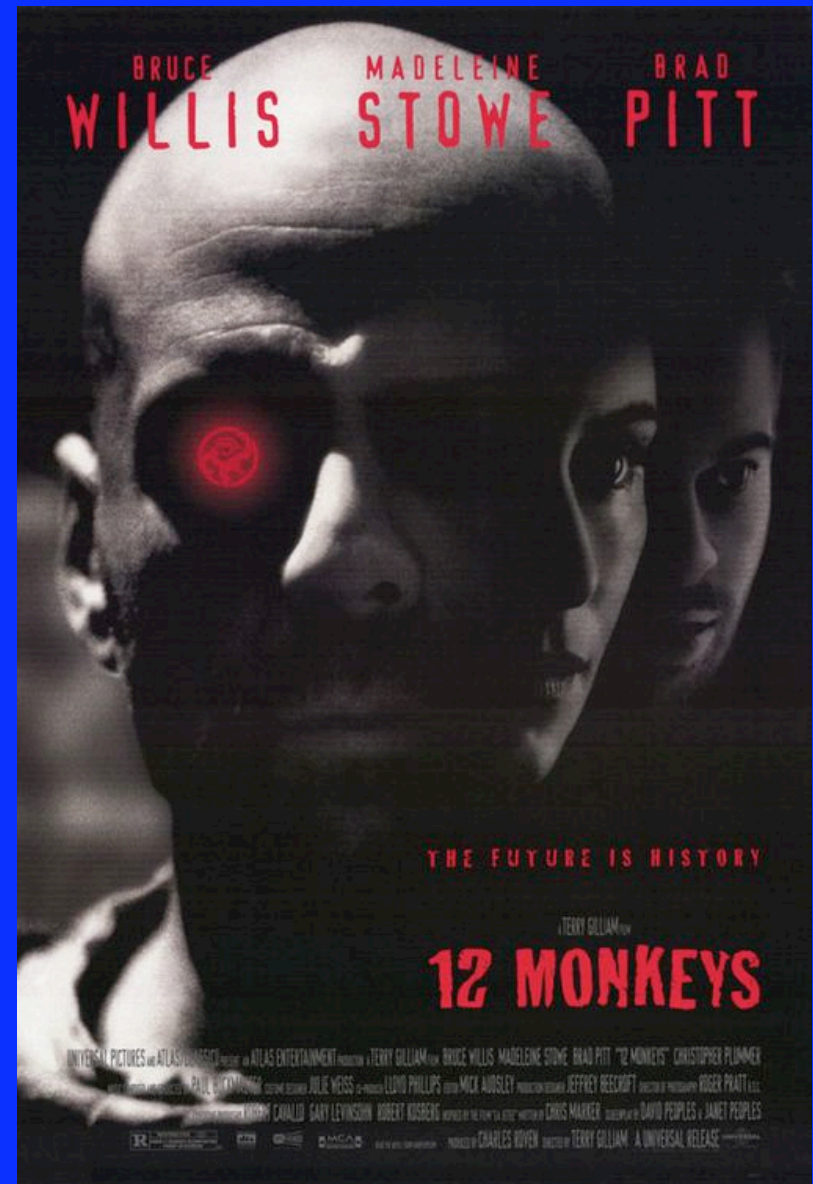
# Resolution 1: Change, But Okay

- In some stories, timeline is changed, but traveler lives
- Can be better or worse
- However, is this really consistent?



# Resolution 2: Self-Consistency

- Really, have to demand self-consistency
- For example, going back in time could cause the effect that made the traveler go back originally!
- Can phrase in ways that don't need decisions

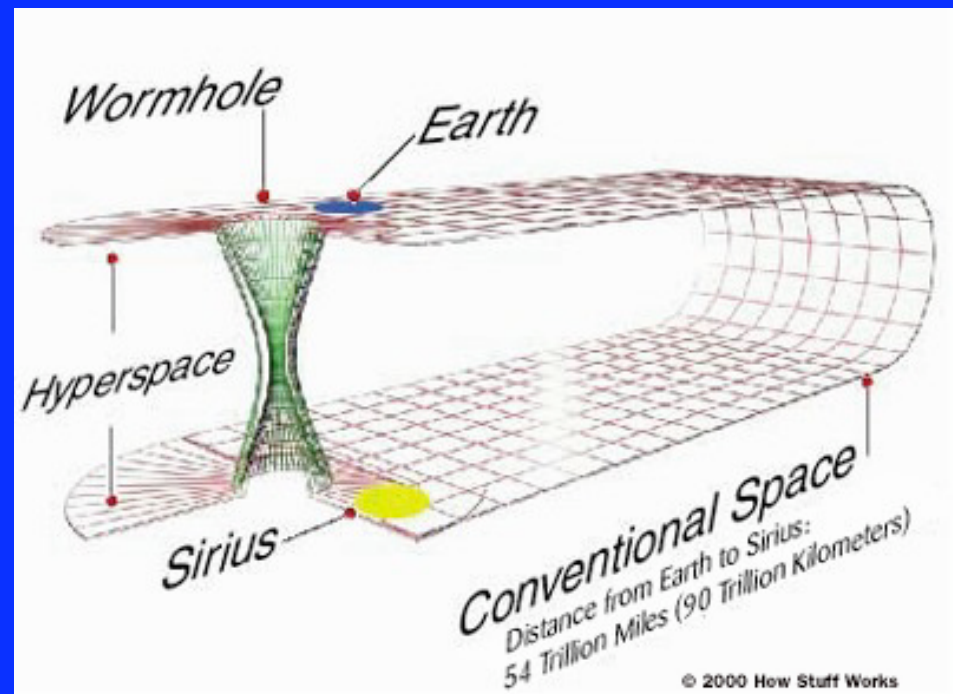


# Faster Than Light?

- If we accept that self-consistent time travel is possible in principle, how do we do it?
- From special relativity, might think that we can manage this by going faster than light
- But remember: approaching  $c$  means mass goes up indefinitely, so can't reach  $c$
- Must find another way

# Wormholes

- What about shortcuts through space?
- Travel is less than speed of light, but through smaller distance
- Gets there faster than light would through normal space

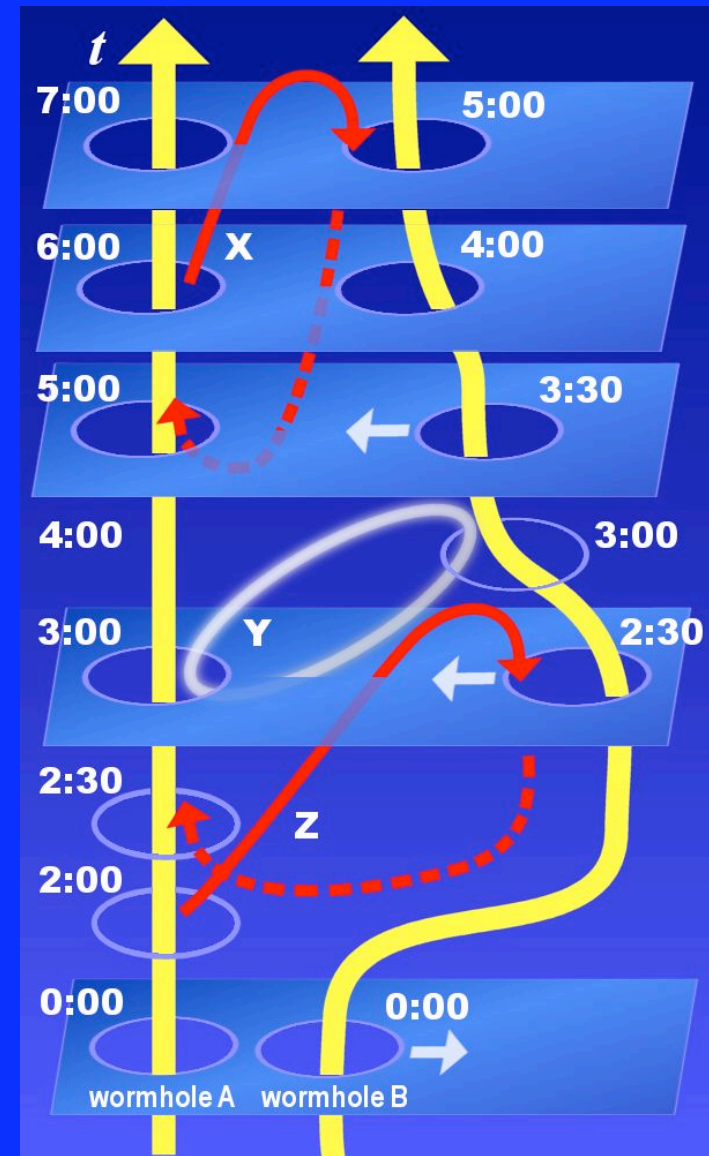


# Requirement: Exotic Matter

- One problematic detail!
- Trying to make wormhole of normal stuff means it collapses at speed of light when anything goes through!
- To be traversable, must be made of matter with negative energy density!
- Weird, but exists in theory and similar stuff is needed to make universal expansion accelerate(!)

# Wormholes and Time Travel

- Going faster than light in normal space still means you can go back in time
- Is this a viable mechanism?



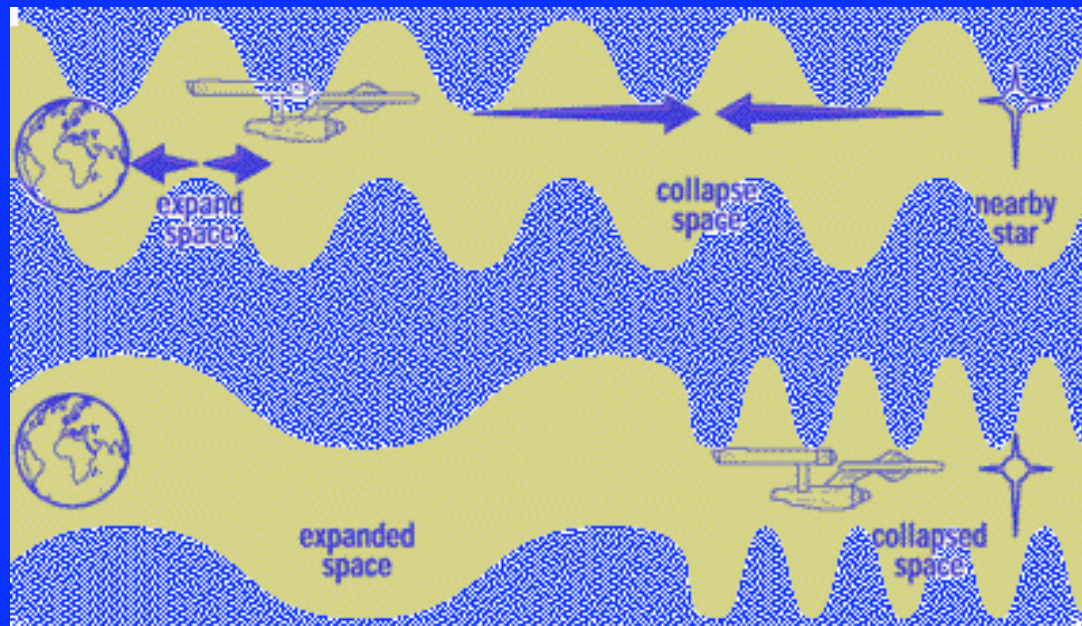


# Self-Destructive Wormholes?

- Time travel aspect could be problematic
- Suppose a wormhole is opened
- Then matter goes in, comes out, goes back in again...
- All has positive energy density, so wormhole is shut down immediately
- Not certain if this is fatal

# Warp Drive

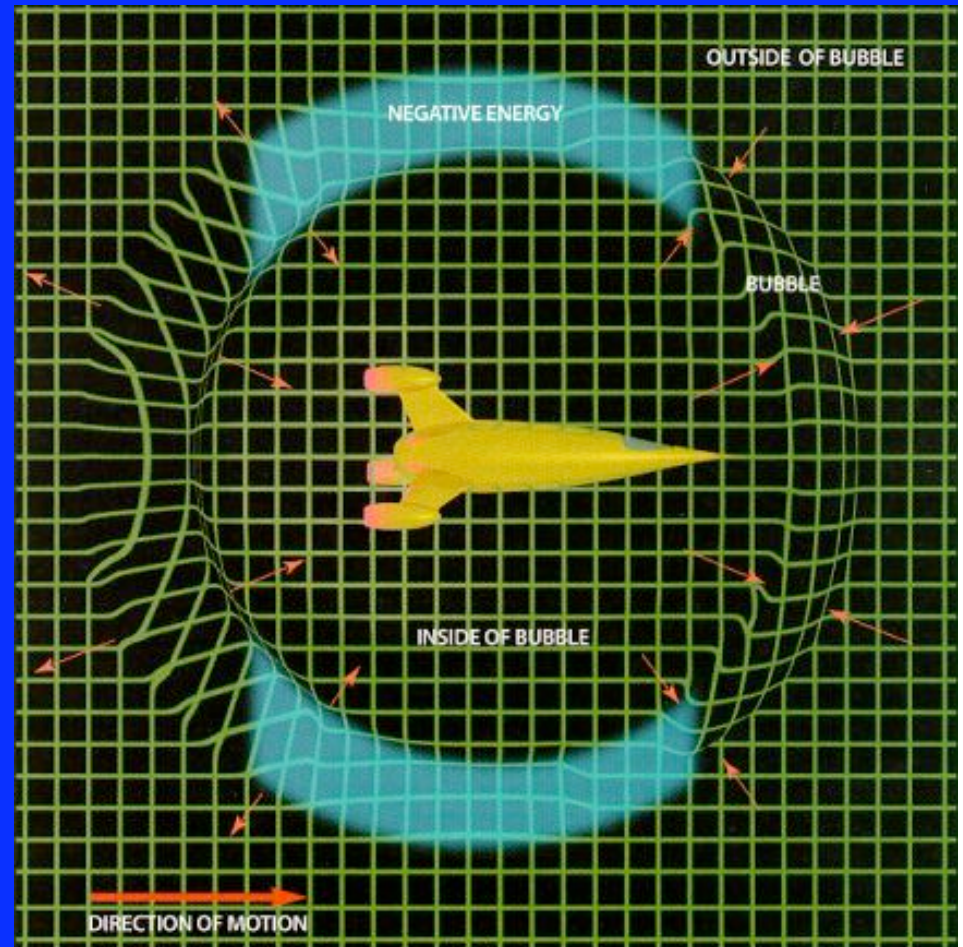
- Can we think of another way?
- What if we collapse space in front of a ship and stretch it behind to compensate?
- Still travel at  $<c$  in vicinity of the ship



[http://www.daviddarling.info/images/warp\\_drive.gif](http://www.daviddarling.info/images/warp_drive.gif)

# Alcubierre Drive

- Suggestion of this type made by Miguel Alcubierre
- Maybe, but:  
**Needs negative energy**  
**Have to lay out first**
- Also might need to set up faster than light!
- Not looking probable



# Summary

- Can never change subjective time!
- There are ways to go forward in time rapidly relative to rest of universe
- Could use this to explore galaxy
- But backwards looks difficult  
Can't yet absolutely rule out