



## Please fill in your course evaluation!

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• We are at only 9% (4 people!)-

What did we do that you liked-disliked

+ How can I improve?

Help your fellow students and me.

# Philosophical and scientific rationale for alternatives

 Competition is good for theories; it focuses attention on unresolved problems and flaws

- For some, chaotic inflation is a weasely way to explain things:
  - + Inflation has fine-tuned parameters; why are they just right?
  - But why did inflation start 13.7 Gyr ago?
  - + Is this all just luck in chaotic inflation? The strict anthropic principle\* can't be tested (why not?), so can it be part of a *scientific* theory?
- + And suddenly dark energy shows up without even a theoretical whisper that it might? This makes for three independent ideas: inflation, "normal" expansion, and dark energy acceleration. No matter how successfully they' re stitched together, are these "epicycles?"

anthropic principle- more later

 Beyond the boundary of the little patch of the early universe that inflated to encompass the whole of our
 visible universe may lie many other such causally linked patches that can all undergo varying amounts of inflation

 http:// ned.ipac.caltech.edu /level5/ESSAYS/ Barrow/barrow.html



8: Eternal inflation predicts neverending reproduction of inflating regions.

for an interesting discussion of the philosophical issues see http://harpers.org/archive/2011/12/the-accidental-universe/

#### So it's settled?

Well, no, It shouldn't be - it's science!

#### Inflation has its problems

- does not come 'naturally' out of string theory (which many believe is the basis for a grand unified theory)
  - No one knows what did the inflating. Theorists describe the 'force' as a field and give it a name – the inflaton – but the mystery remains. It is the same frustration as dark energy
- + Its not clear how to stop it !
- Inflation is not a theory of how it all began, but a theory of how it all began just after the beginning.. a morning-after theory.

 In eternal inflation an infinite number of bubbles form with an infinite variety of properties. Everything that can happen does happen in some bubble. A theory that predicts everything cn

happen predicts nothing.



Dream: Use cosmology to constrain string theory - given the energy scales, string theory will be studied first with early- universe measurements (and not with a particle-physics TeV experiment).

# An alternative: the ekpyrotic proposal

- Ekpyrotic: the universe is created in a distributed and sudden burst of high but finite temperature-collision of 2 'branes'
- Ekpyrotic universes can be cyclical, helping solve the "why just then?" problem.
- This proposal uses superstring theory; here the Universe appears to be four dimensional, but the four are embedded in a larger 5-9 dimensional spacetime (with more dimensions curled up so we can't easily see them)



#### Strings and branes

 Strings are long and skinny, and particles are manifestations of string vibrations

 Branes (think membranes) have more dimensions







## Features of this explanation

- Produces a homogeneous, isotropic, and flat universe without relic problems
- One story for the whole time development of the universe, includes dark energy
- Cyclical models allow many (maybe infinite) recurring "big bangs," answering the "why then, and just once?" question
- Dark matter could be the usual particles on nearby branes (or, just as well, dark matter particles in our brane)
- In cyclical models, can solve some entropy problems



 Why are Things the Way that they are
 By our very existence, we impose a sort of selection effect on the Universe. For example, in a Universe where just one of the fundamental constants that govern nature was changed say, the strength of gravity - we cannot exist !

#### Weak Anthropic Principle (WAP):

+ the observed values of all physical and cosmological quantities are not equally probable but they take on the values restricted by the requirement that there exist places where carbon-based life can evolve and by the requirement that the Universe be old enough for it to have already done so." (The Anthropic Cosmological Principle by John Barrow and Frank Tipler, p. 16)









We now know that 'earth like' planets are not rare- Kepler results (The Milky Way's Two Billion Earthlike Planets: Kepler has uncovered 1,094 more potential planets - >3% of all stars have earthlike planets and the average star has one or more bound planets per Milky Way star from microlensing observations http://www.dailygalaxy.com/my\_weblog/2011/12/the-milky-

ways-two-billion-earthlike-planets-an-update.html)



	Life On Earth: How Long it Took to Develop		
推拔	Stage	Development	Elapsed time [Myr]
		Microbial life	<500
/	2	Oxygen atmosphere	1000
	3	Multicellular life	2000
	4	Life on land	100
	5	Animal intelligence	150
	6	Human intelligence	.3-3?

## Development of Complex Life Took more than 3 BILLION years after development of first microbial life Using Earth as our guide, this suggests development of complex life may require an environment that remains hospitable for billions of years

#### Complexity

Making a star is simple: gravity

 Making life has more steps, but not infinitely many more

But need the right conditions- force of gravity, EM force right size ...

## Things that had to be, or we wouldn't be here

A star with just the right mass

Two times larger: its lifetime would be too short

- Two times smaller: very small habitable zone
- A benevolent Jupiter
  - Shields us from many impacts (extinctions)
  - Bad Jupiters drive interior planets into star

### Things that had to be, or we wouldn't be here

#### +Right place in Galaxy

- Nearer nucleus, too many supernova, gamma ray bursters, AGN
- In halo & globular clusters, few heavy elements

✦Large Moon

Keeps tilt of Earth's axis relatively steady
 Otherwise widely varying seasons



#### Can this be coincidence?

Think properly: what is the chance that we find ourselves orbiting the Sun, one star out of 10<sup>10</sup> in the galaxy, and that's just this galaxy

Statistics can't be applied to individuals in a simple way!

+Yes

## Things that had to be, or we wouldn't be here

#### The right universe!

 Right kind and strengths of the four fundamental forces: Gravity, Electromagnetic, Strong, Weak

+ Favorable values for  $\Omega$  and  $\Lambda$ 

#### Some of the Necessary Qualities this needed Universe to create US:

- The Universe is "flat" if more matter had been in the Universe then gravity would have collapsed the Universe before life began if it had less matter everything would have been too far apart to interact properly to create life.
- The existence of matter super-symmetry indicates that matter and anti-matter should have been created in equal amounts at the Big Bang but there was ~1% less anti-matter created so that when matter and anti-matter annihilated each other there was some left to create us.
- + If the <u>mass of a neutron</u> was 0.2% heavier, protons would collapse into them so creating no elements.
- The <u>fine structure constant</u>: if it had been slightly higher all early hydrogen would be turned into helium, preventing chemistry
- Carbon would be much rarer were it not for the triple-a nuclear fusion process in stars. If oxygen had a nuclear resonance a little lower, all the carbon would have rapidly changed to oxygen.
- <u>stars</u> were needed to create some of the heavier elements and to then eject it via supernovae to form new stars and planet systems. If the <u>force of gravity and</u> <u>other constants hadn't been just right, no heavy element synthesis would occur.</u>

http://www.hollowsun.co.uk/list-of-anthropic-coincidences-in-the-univers

The premise of the fine-tuned universe assertion is that a small change in several of the dimensionless fundamental physical constants would make the universe radically different.

"The laws of science, as we know them at present, contain many fundamental numbers, like the size of the electric charge of the electron and the ratio of the masses of the proton and the electron. ... The remarkable fact is that the values of these numbers seem to have been very finely adjusted to make possible the development of life."-Stephen Hawking

 Martin Rees (Astronomer Royal) formulates the fine-tuning of the universe in terms of the following 5 dimensionless constants :

- + ratio of the strength of electromagnetism to that of gravity
- + strength of the nuclear force
- relative importance of gravity
- + cosmological constant
- number of spatial dimensions (!!)

if any of these differed even a small bit from the observed values we would not exist
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 Anthropic Cosmological Principle: the existence of intelligent observers determines the fundamental structure of the Universe.

Beware of the Completely
 Ridiculous Anthropic Principle
 e.g. is this simply a elaborate
 way of saying "if things were
 different, they would be
 different,"

 If it is not testable or falsifiable, it is not a scientific statement but rather a philosophical one.

#### JOHN D. BARROW & FRANK J. TIPLER



#### So where are we?

- We understand a tremendous amount about the characteristics of our universe
  - Flat universe, expands forever.
    - + Started with a rapid expansion of space and time.
    - + Still expanding, even accelerating.

#### + For us:

- + We are not at the center of the universe.
- + Ordinary planet, star, galaxy, maybe universe.
- Space and time depend on our point of view (reference frame).
- + Gravity is a puzzle.











# We actually do think of time in terms of entropy

 Organized systems become less organized

- +Life forms die and decompose
- Pencils break
- It's funny to watch movies running backwards





#### The end

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No more stars: cold and dark

 Leftover black holes, cold stellar cores, freezing planets, eternally cryogenically preserved bugs...

 Rapidly-increasing separations of these husks due to ever-increasing acceleration by dark energy

### We are Not done yet-Cosmic Coincidences -

The Universe is balanced on a knife-edge of coincidence. It is apparently a coincidence that gravity and the strong force are as strong as they are, or that the Universe happens to be as old as it is. It is also a coincidence that all of these coincidences of physical constants and other phenomena of the Universe have happened together, making the Universe hospitable for intelligent observers like ourselves.

http://www.physics.sfsu.edu/~lwilliam/sota/anth/coincidence.htm



#### So where are we?

- \* We are not at the center of the universe.
- Ordinary planet, star, galaxy, maybe universe.
- Space and time depend on our point of view (reference frame).
- We understand a tremendous amount about the characteristics of our universe
  - + Flat universe, expands forever.
  - Started with a rapid expansion of space and time, a hot "Big Bang."
  - Still expanding, even accelerating.
  - + Gravity is a puzzle.
  - + Time itself is a puzzle.
- Conditions of our universe allow life and structure to exist
  - + Structure, stars, galaxies
  - + Life

For us:

