

Planetary Dynamics of the PSR 1257+12 System



Ginny Cunningham

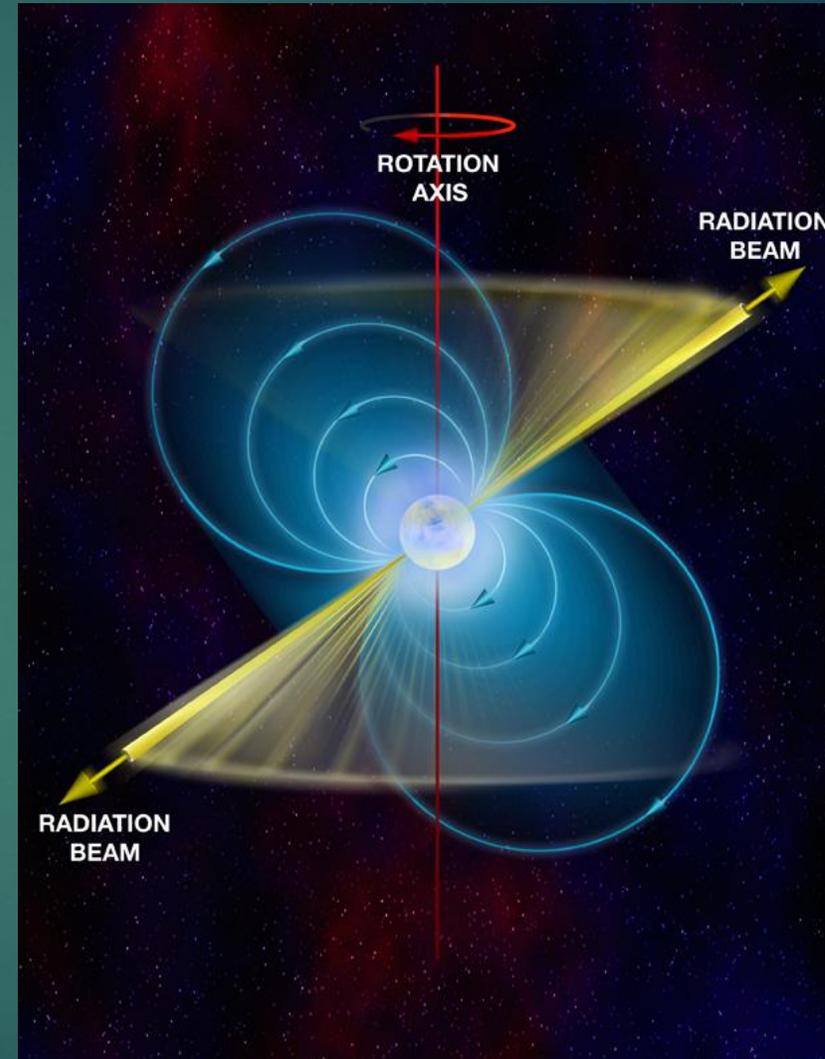
Paper by: Rasio, F. A.,
Nicholson, P. D., Shapiro, S.
L., & Teukolsky, S. A. 1992

What are Millisecond Pulsars?

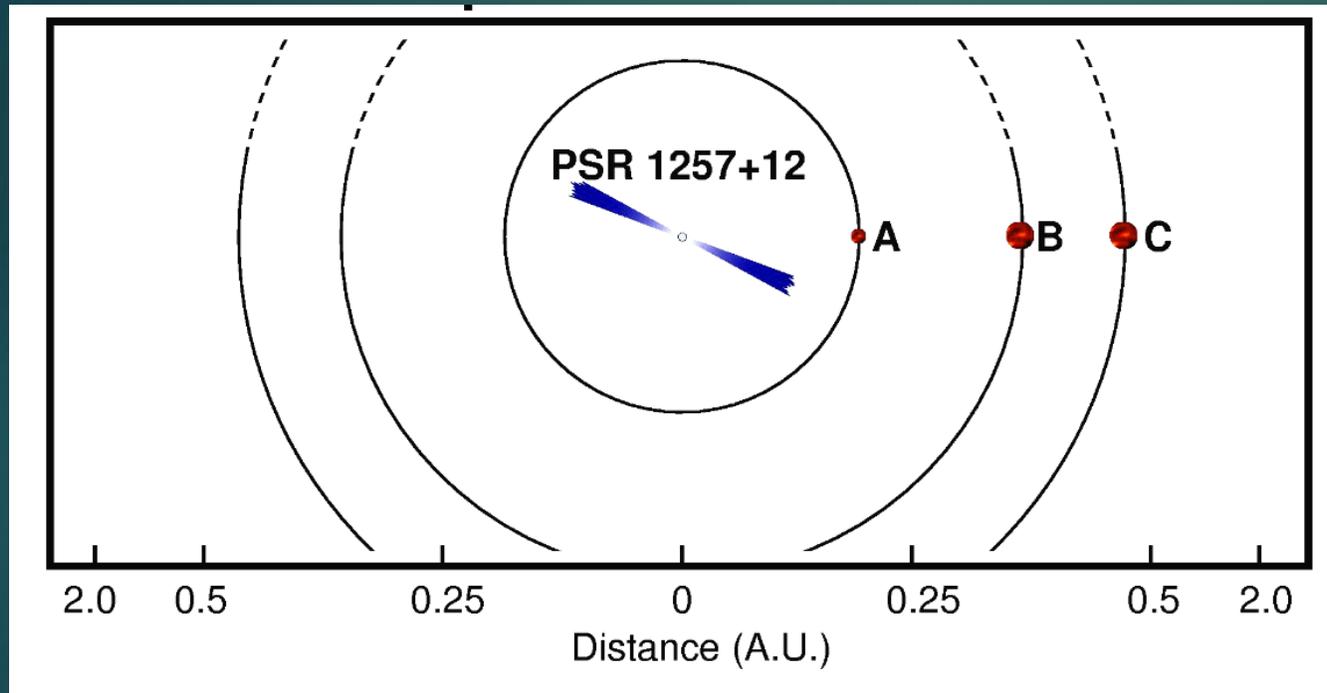
2

They are:

- in binaries.
- accreting material from their companion.
- vampires.
- very accurate clocks.



What is the PSR 1257+12 System?



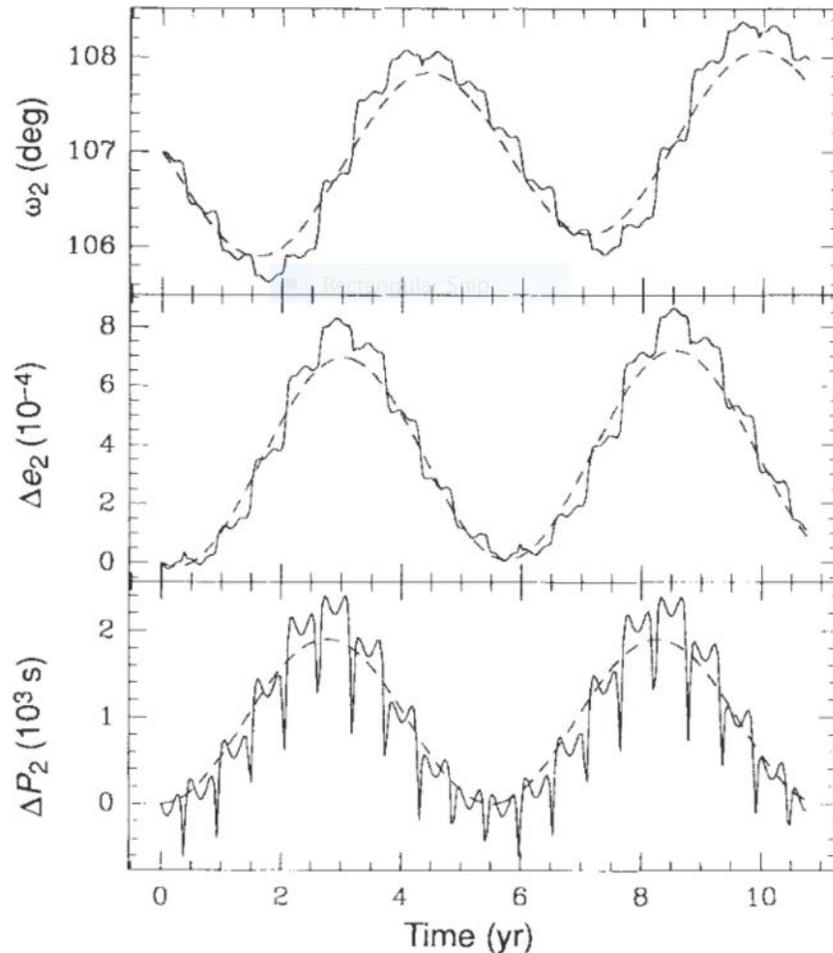
The 6.2-ms pulsar displayed a periodic wobble

Two Earth-mass planets confirmed 1992

Planet A to be confirmed in 1994

What can we learn from this system?

4



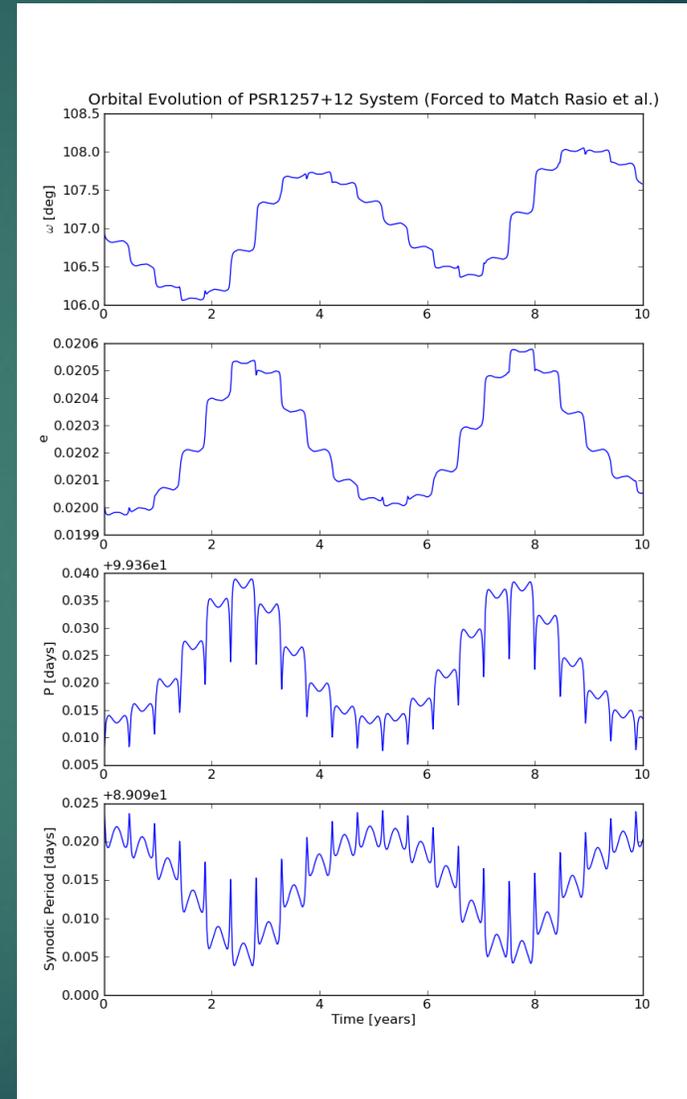
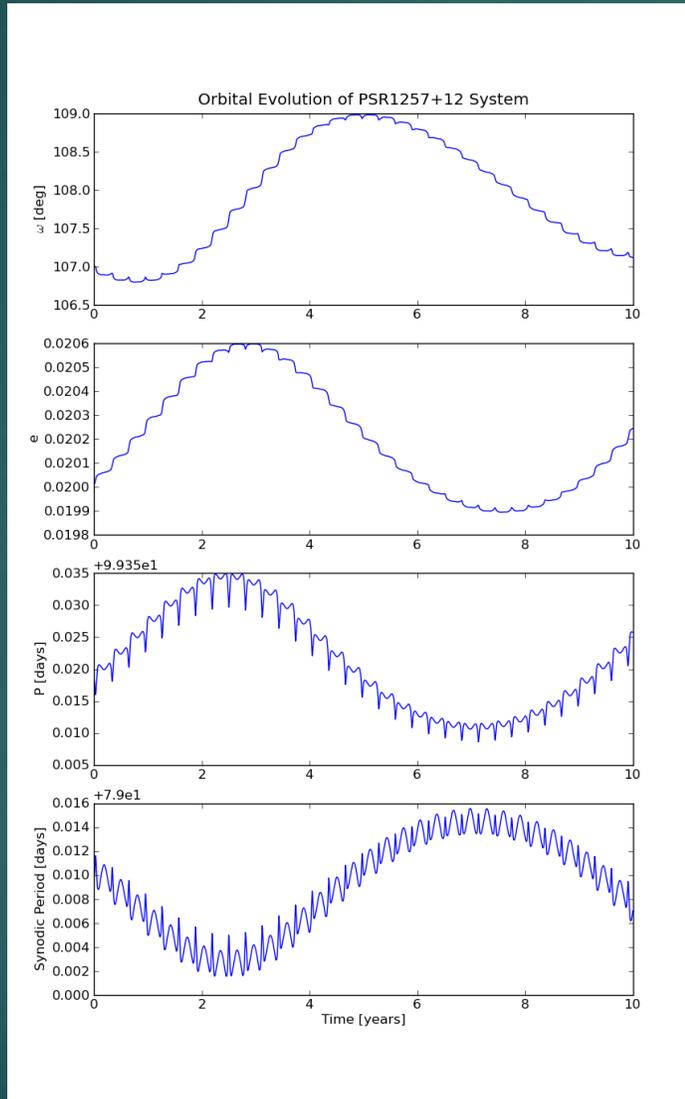
Rasio et al. calculated the evolution of the orbital parameters of the system

Small-scale features →
synodic period

Large-scale features →
3:2 resonance of the
periods

My Results:

I was unable to recreate their results using the values they provided.

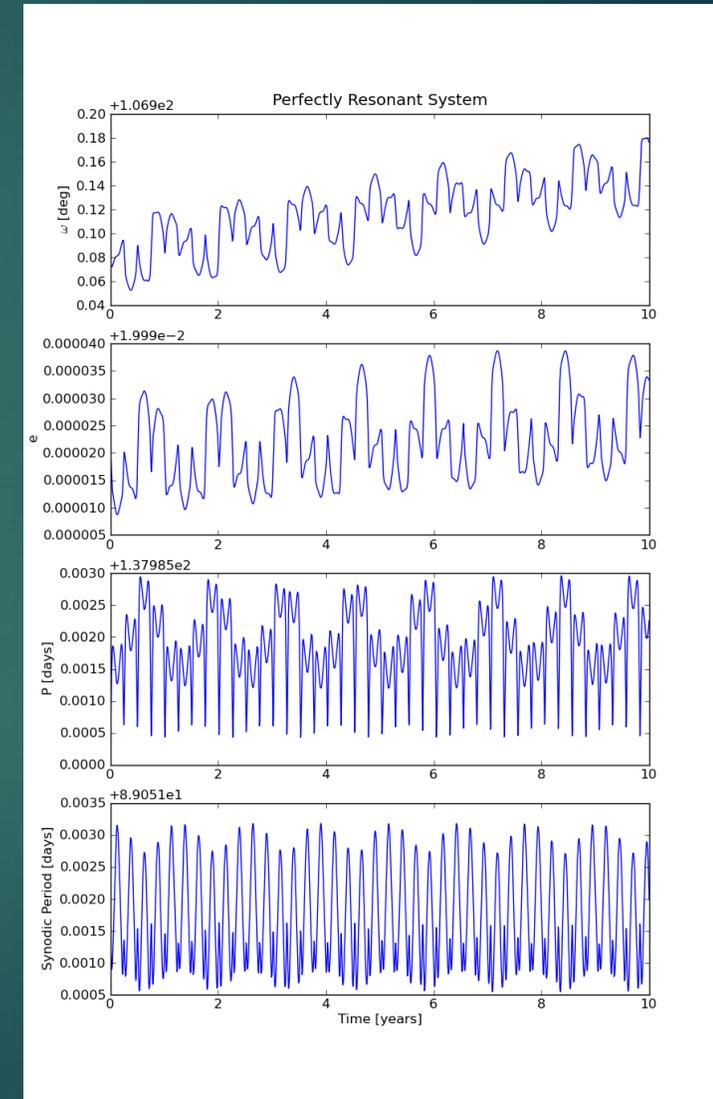
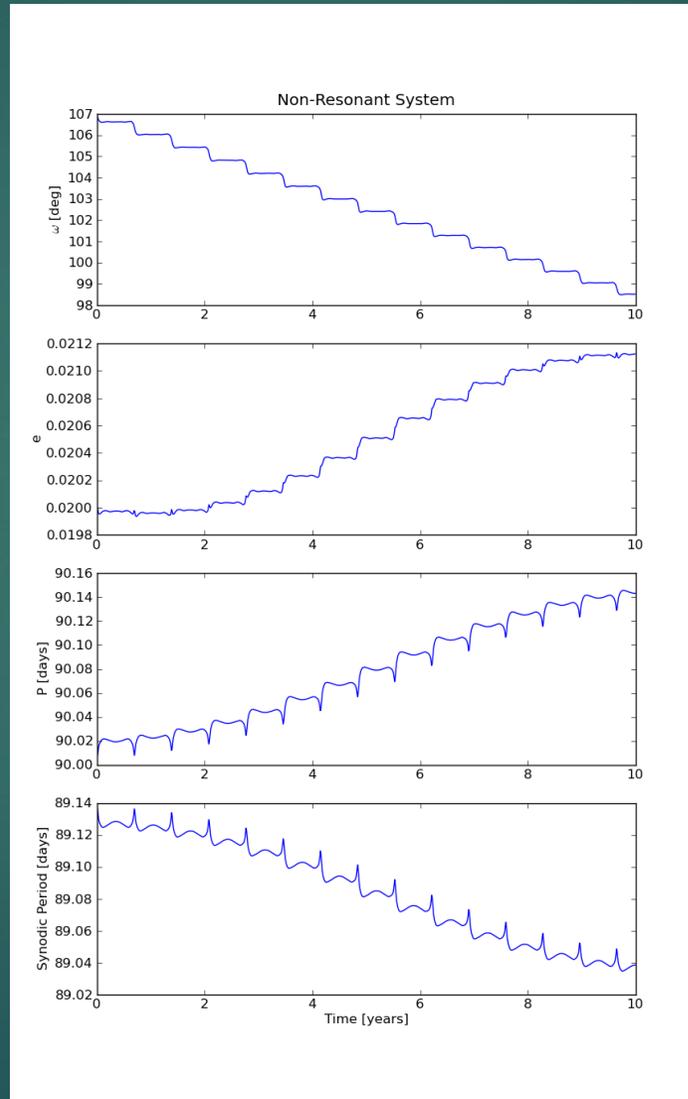


I changed the inputs until my results matched theirs.

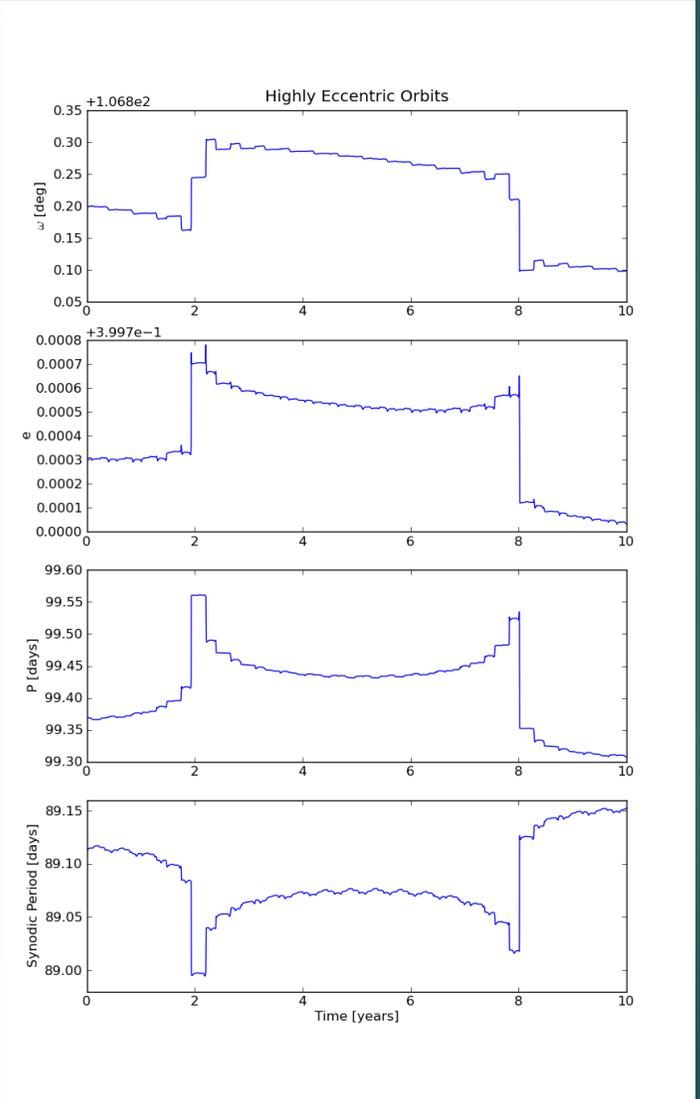
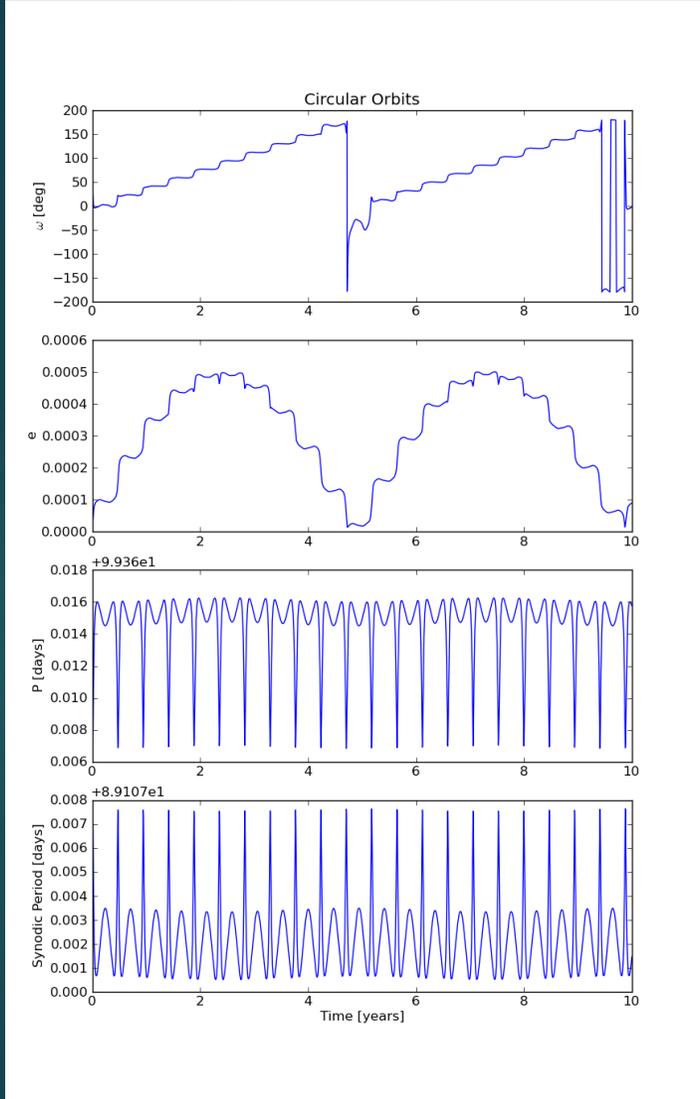
What happens if we change the resonance?

The near 3:2 resonance of the planets greatly amplifies the gravitational perturbations.

Without this they might have been undetectable.



What if we change the eccentricities?

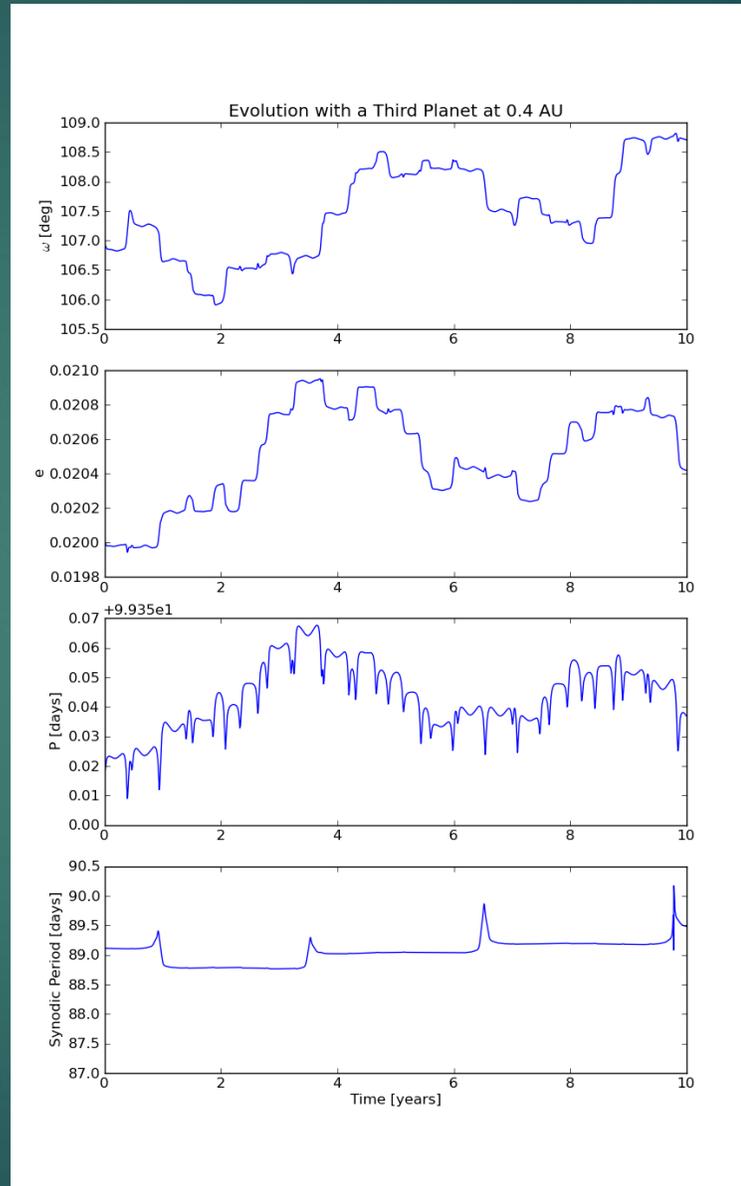


The planets have low eccentricities ($e \sim 0.02$).
Perfectly circular orbits change over time but not on a large scale.
Eccentric orbits become more complicated.

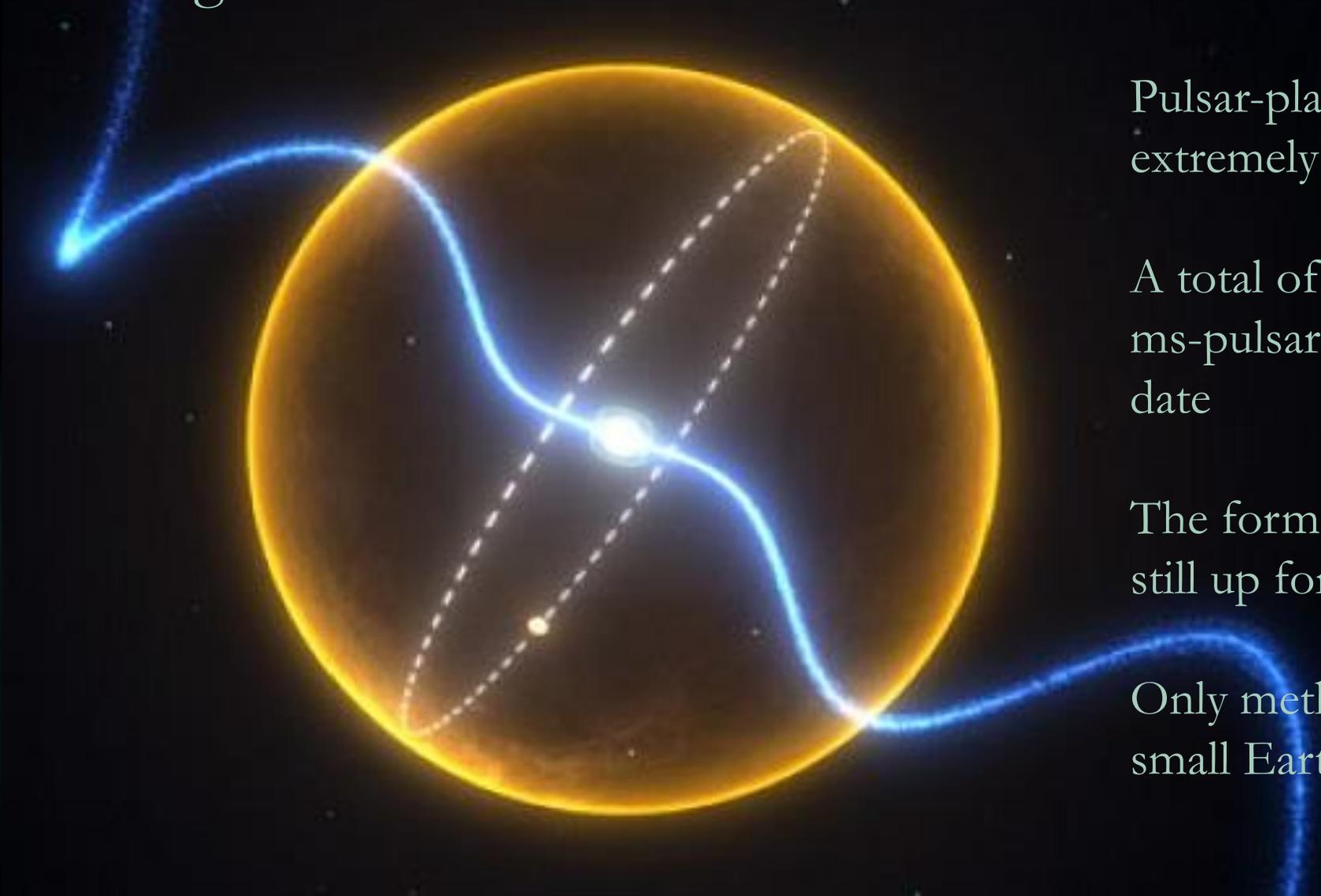
What if we add more planets to the system?

Adding a third, smaller planet has negligible effects on the evolution.

But adding a planet of comparable mass causes the system to behave more chaotically.



Final Thoughts



Pulsar-planet systems are extremely sensitive

A total of 5 planets from 3 ms-pulsars discovered to date

The formation theory is still up for debate

Only method to detect small Earth-sized planets