

John Aiello

9 Dec 2014

My TERPS Presentation

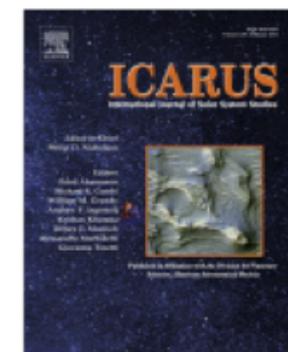


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Spatial and temporal dependence of the convective electric field in Saturn's inner magnetosphere



M. Andriopoulou^{a,b,*}, E. Roussos^a, N. Krupp^a, C. Paranicas^c, M. Thomsen^d, S. Krimigis^{c,e}, M.K. Dougherty^f, K.-H. Glassmeier^b

^a Max-Planck-Institut für Sonnensystemforschung, Max-Planck Str. 2, 37191 Katlenburg-Lindau, Germany

^b Institut für Geophysik und extraterrestrische Physik, Technische Universität Braunschweig, Braunschweig, Germany

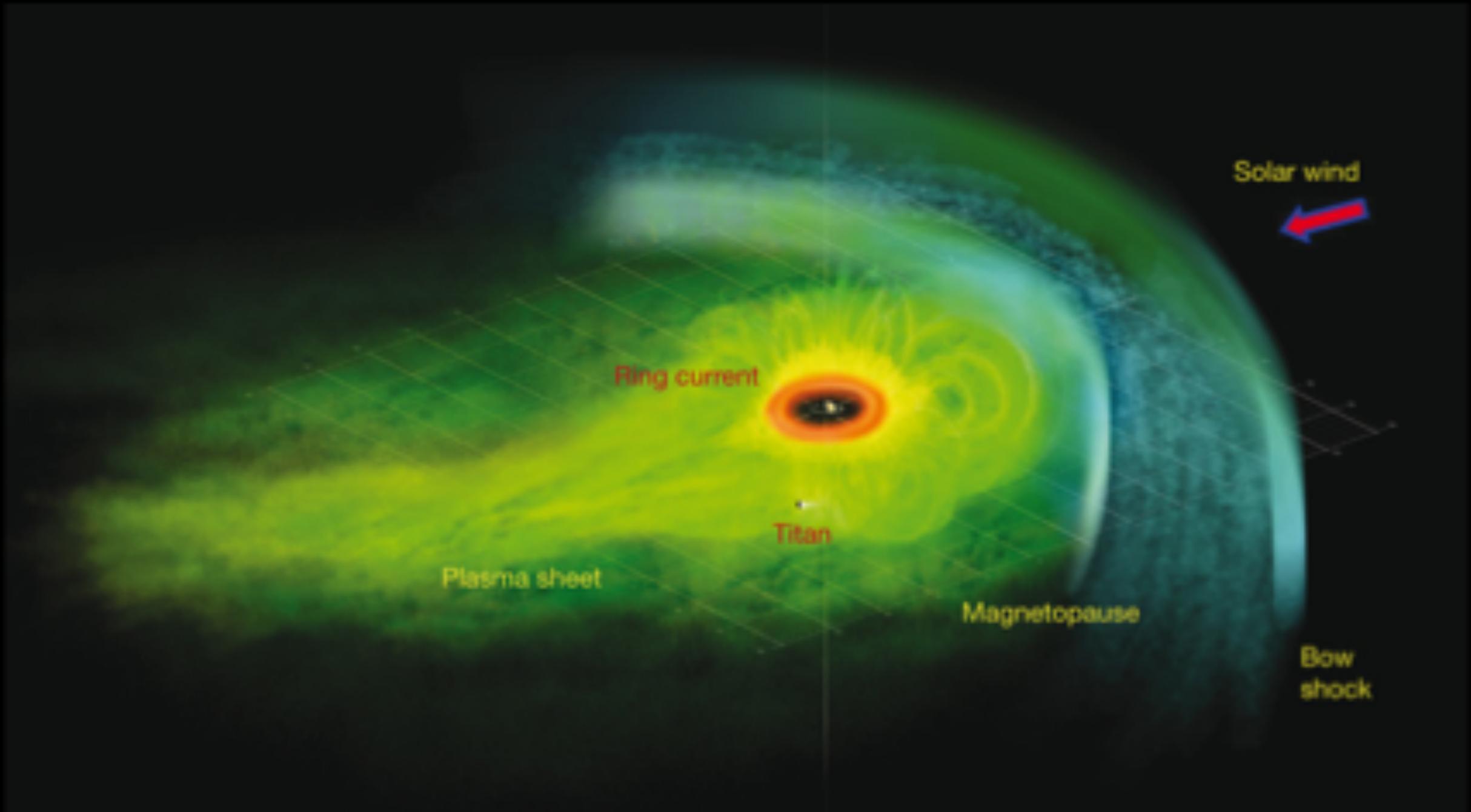
^c The Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory, Laurel, MD 20723, USA

^d Planetary Science Institute, Tucson, AZ 85719, USA

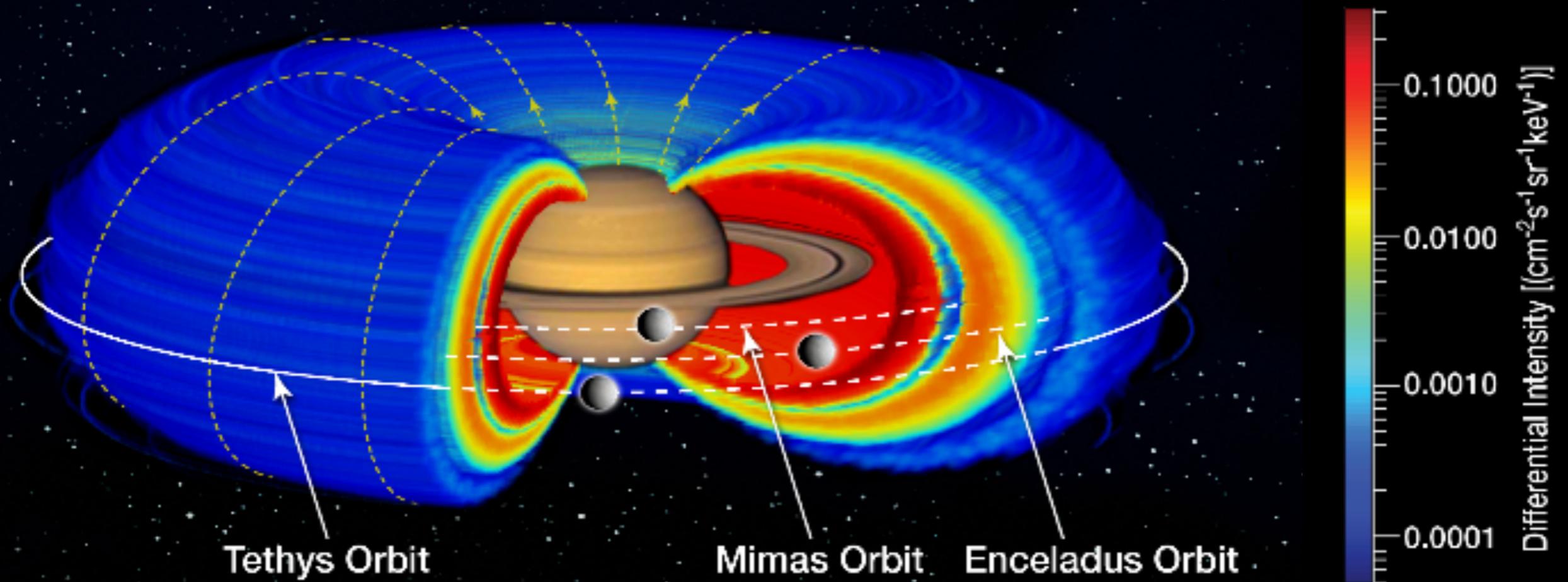
^e Office of Space Research and Technology, Academy of Athens, Athens, Greece

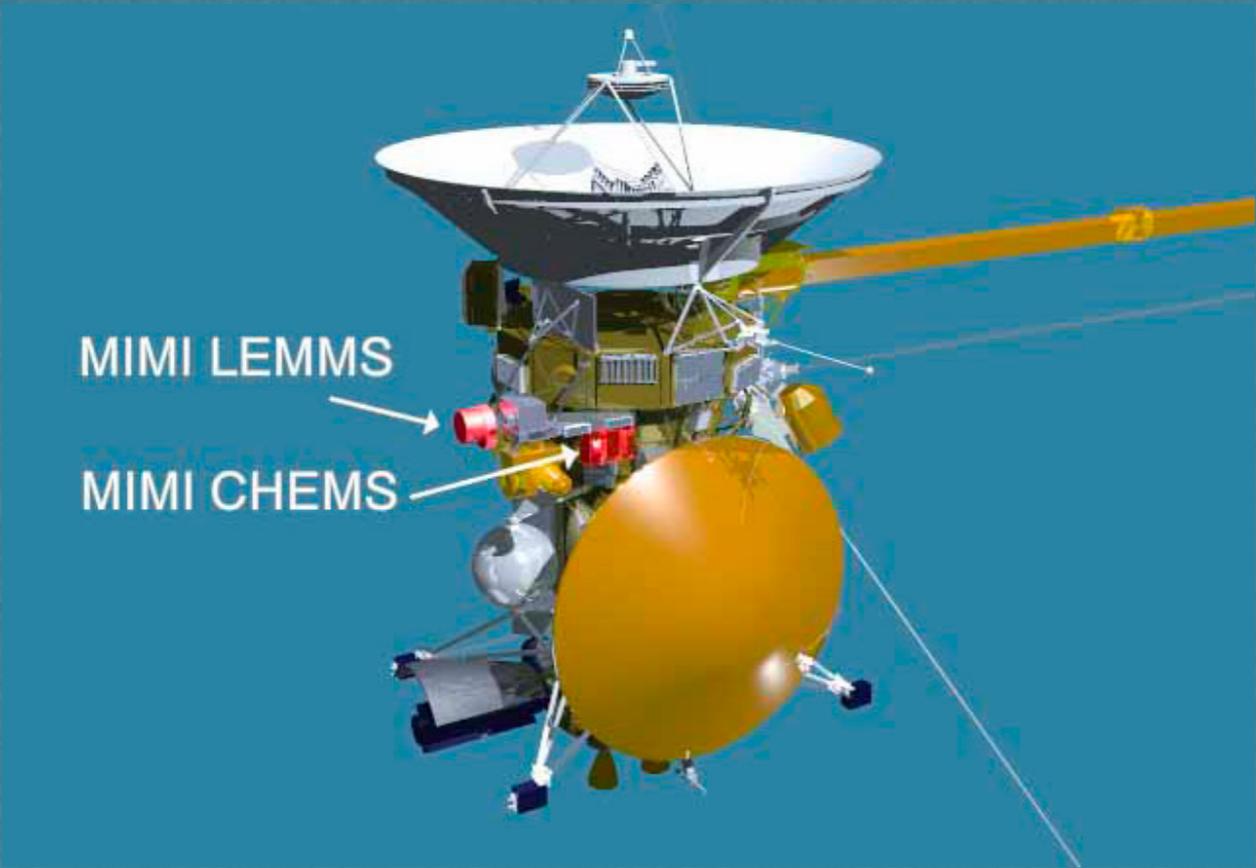
^f Space and Atmospheric Physics, Blackett Laboratory, Imperial College London, London, UK

Saturn's Magnetosphere one artist's impression



Saturn's Radiation Belts





MIMI LEMMS

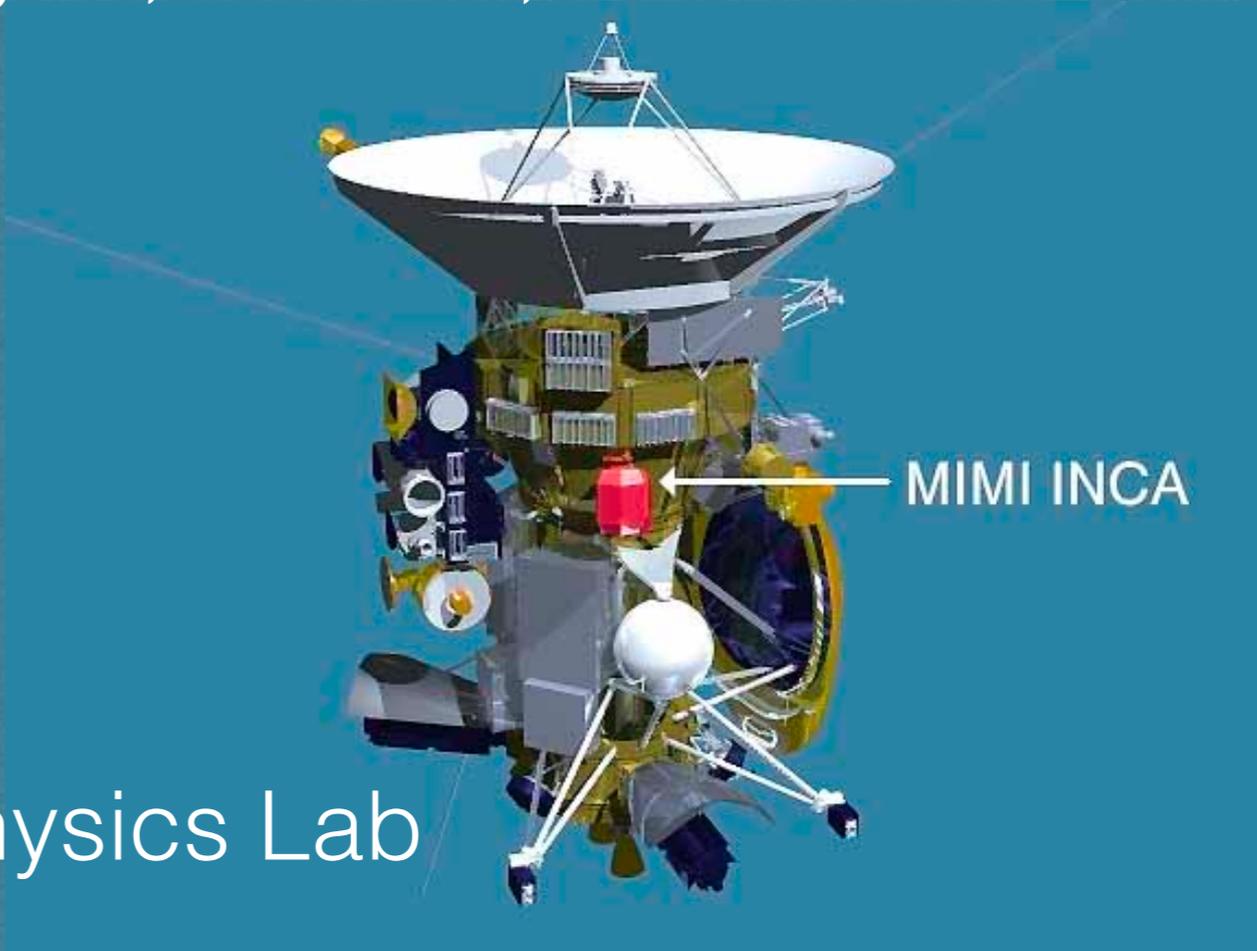
MIMI CHEMS

MIMI

Magnetospheric Imaging
Instrument

LEMMS: Max Planck Institut für Sonnensystemforschung

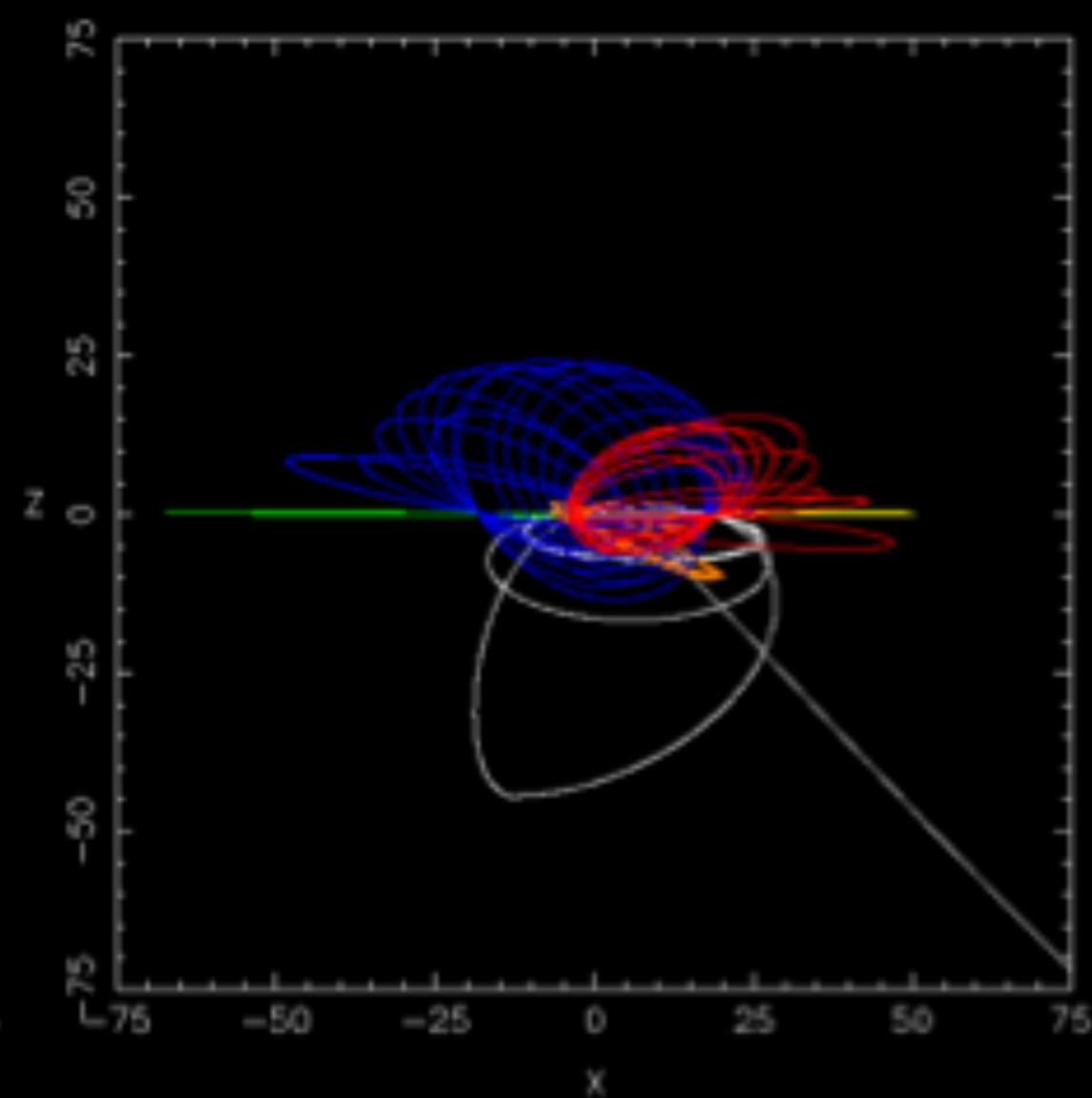
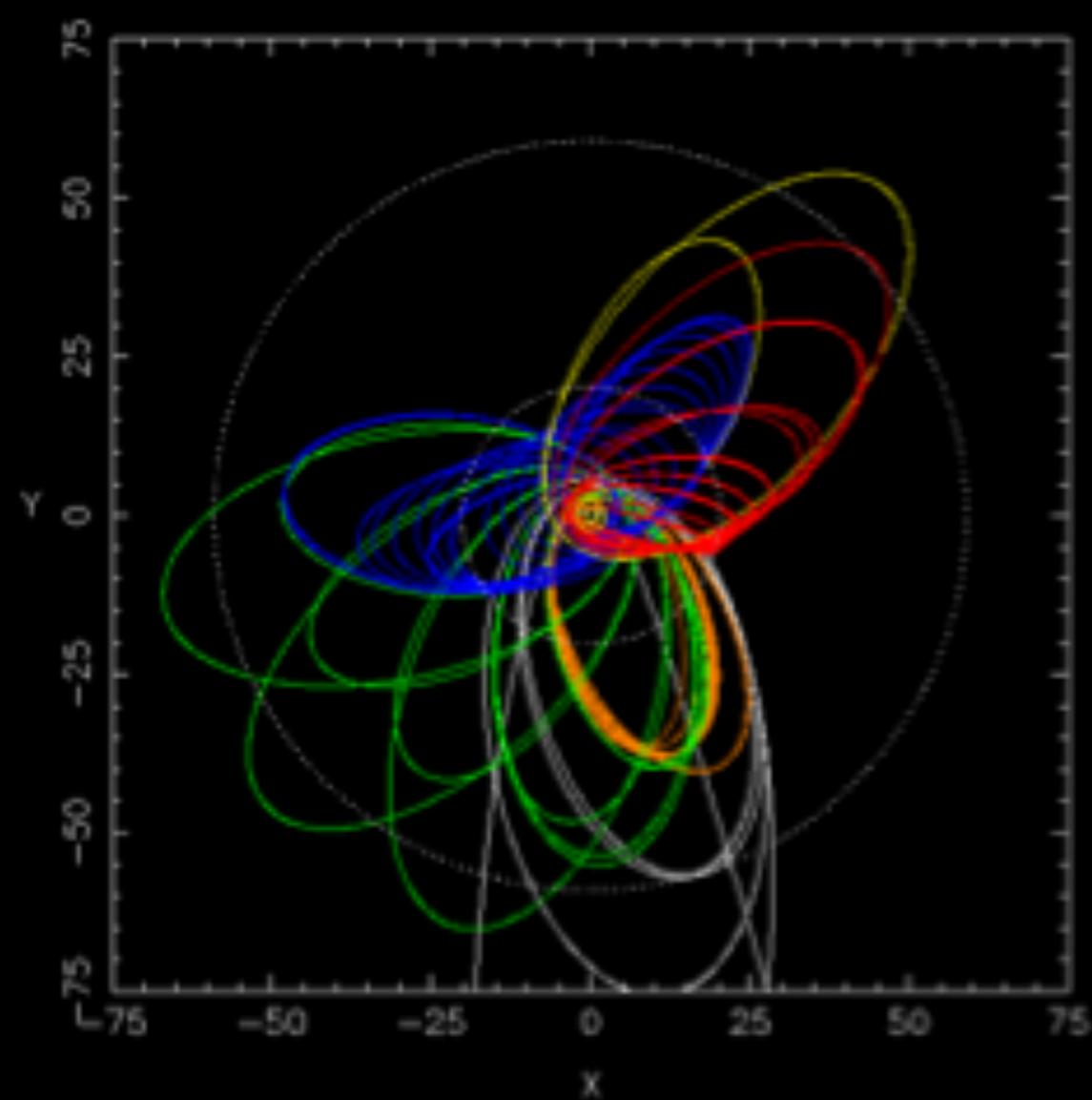
CHEMS: Fundamental Technologies, Kansas,
(but really UMd)



MIMI INCA

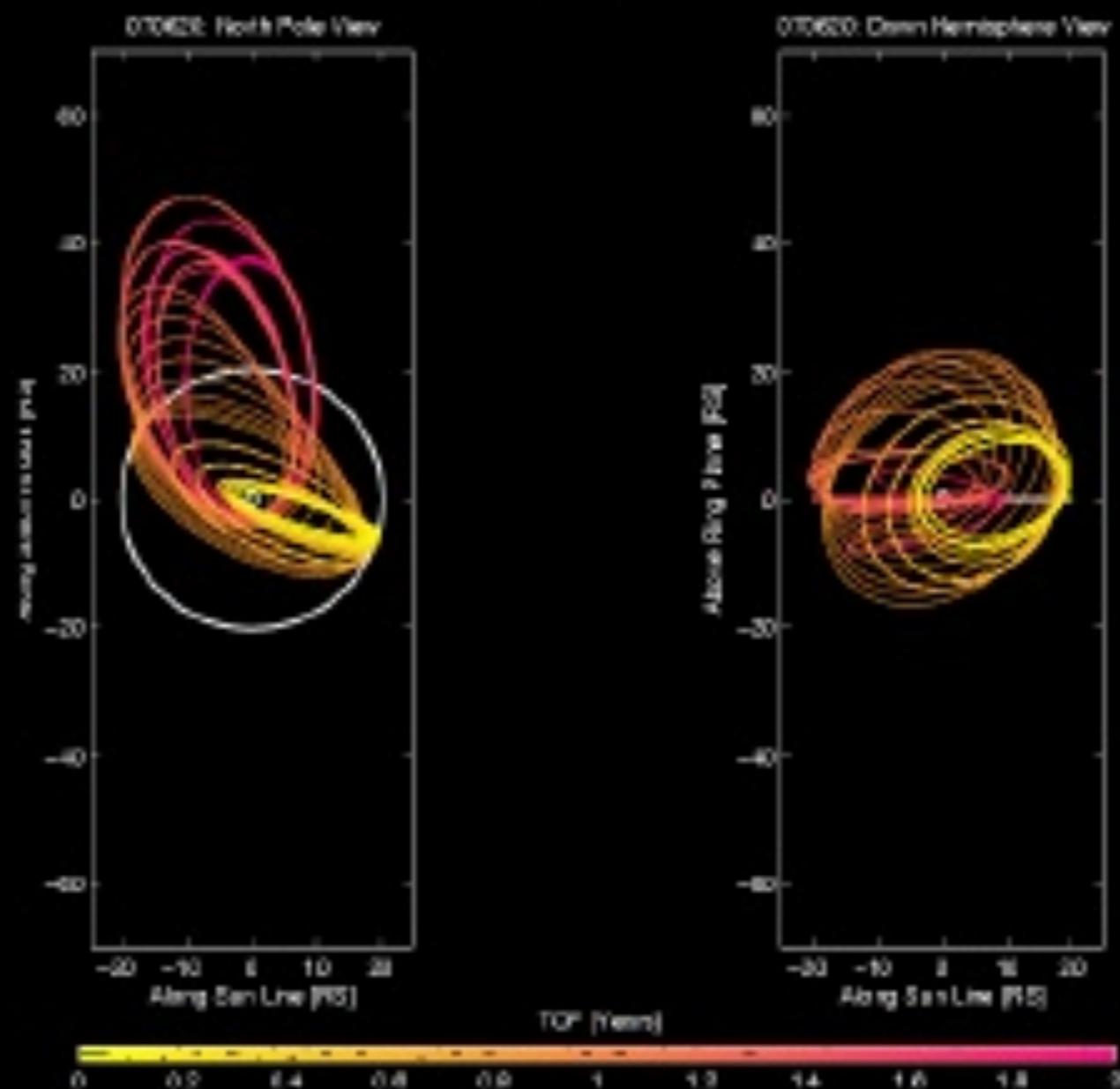
INCA: Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab

Cassini Prime Mission



Cassini Extended Mission

070620: 1-JUL-2008 00:00 to 1-JUL-2010 00:00
(Sun on right)

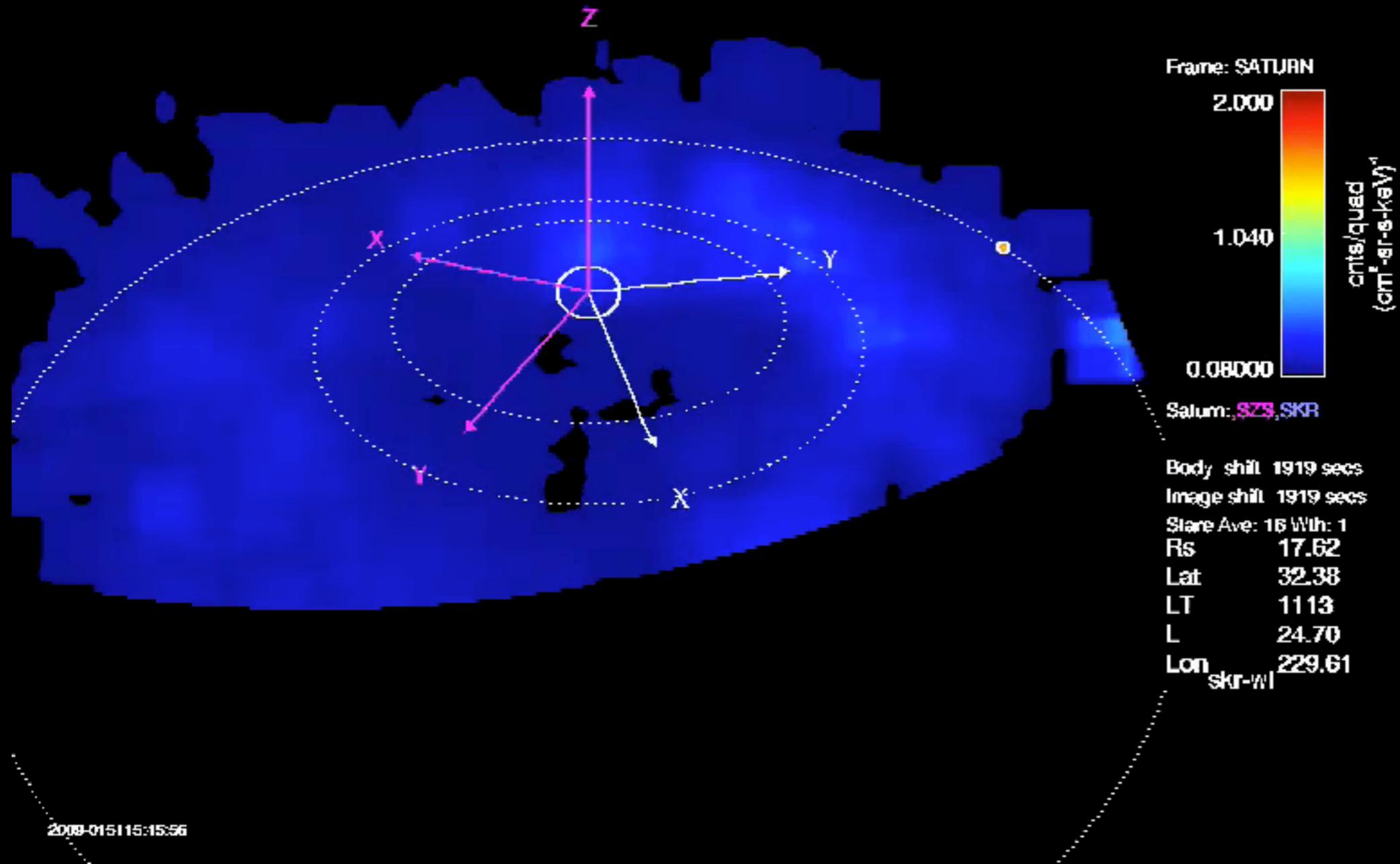


ENA Imaging with INCA

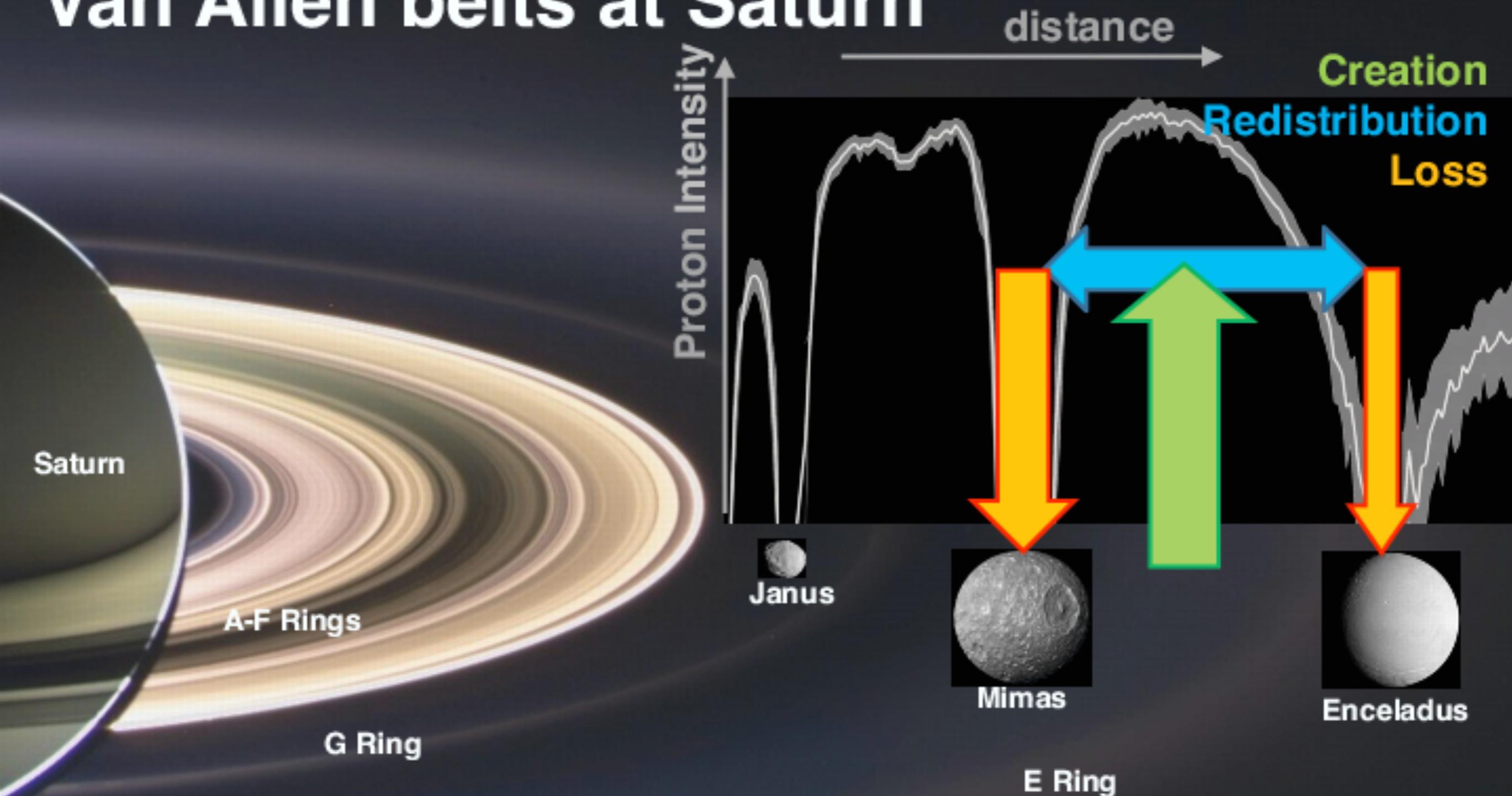
Cassini/MIMI Inca
Spatial H+ 50-80 keV

11 Jan 2009 (11)

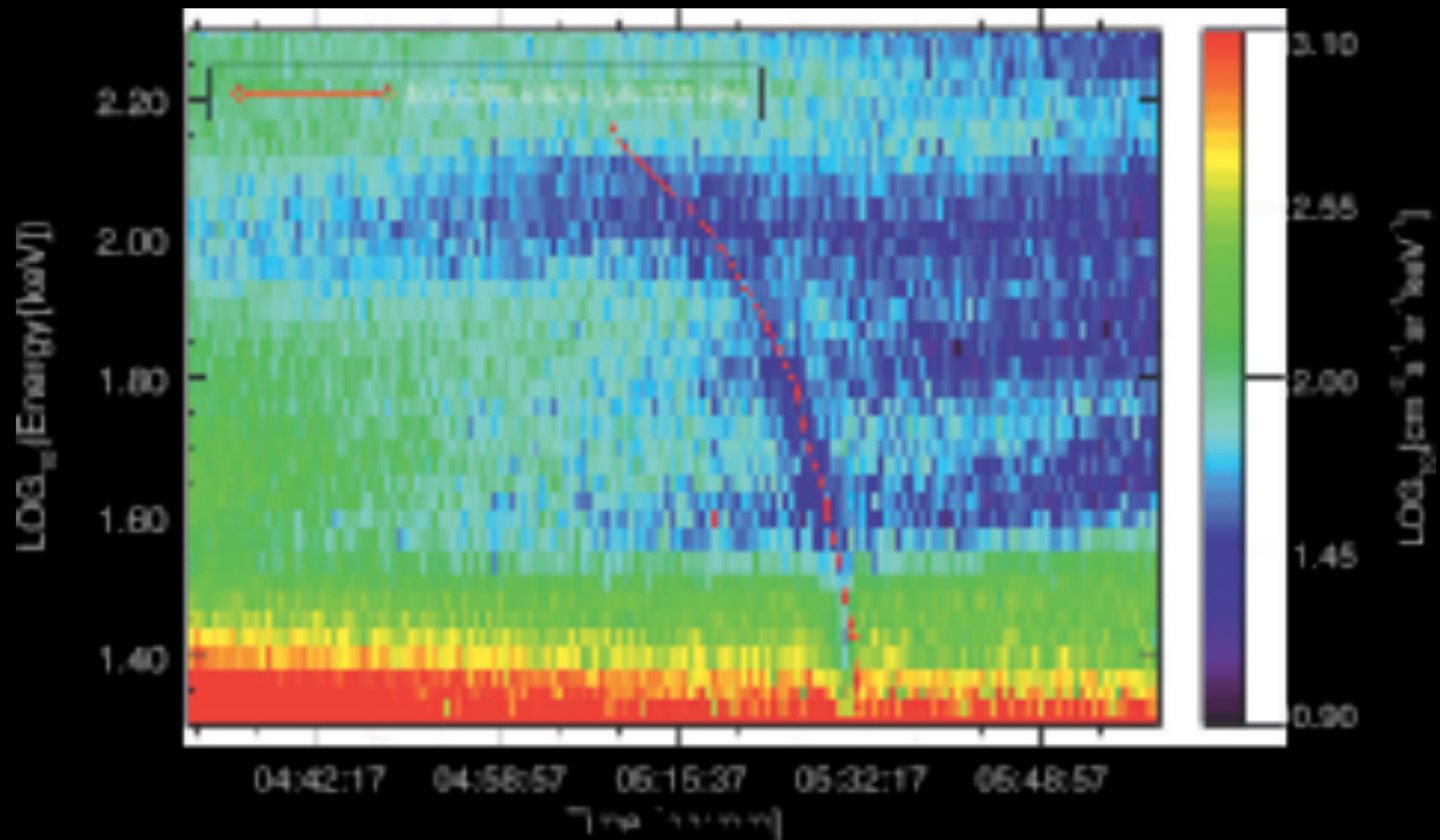
10:33:39 - 11:37:39
(UTC)



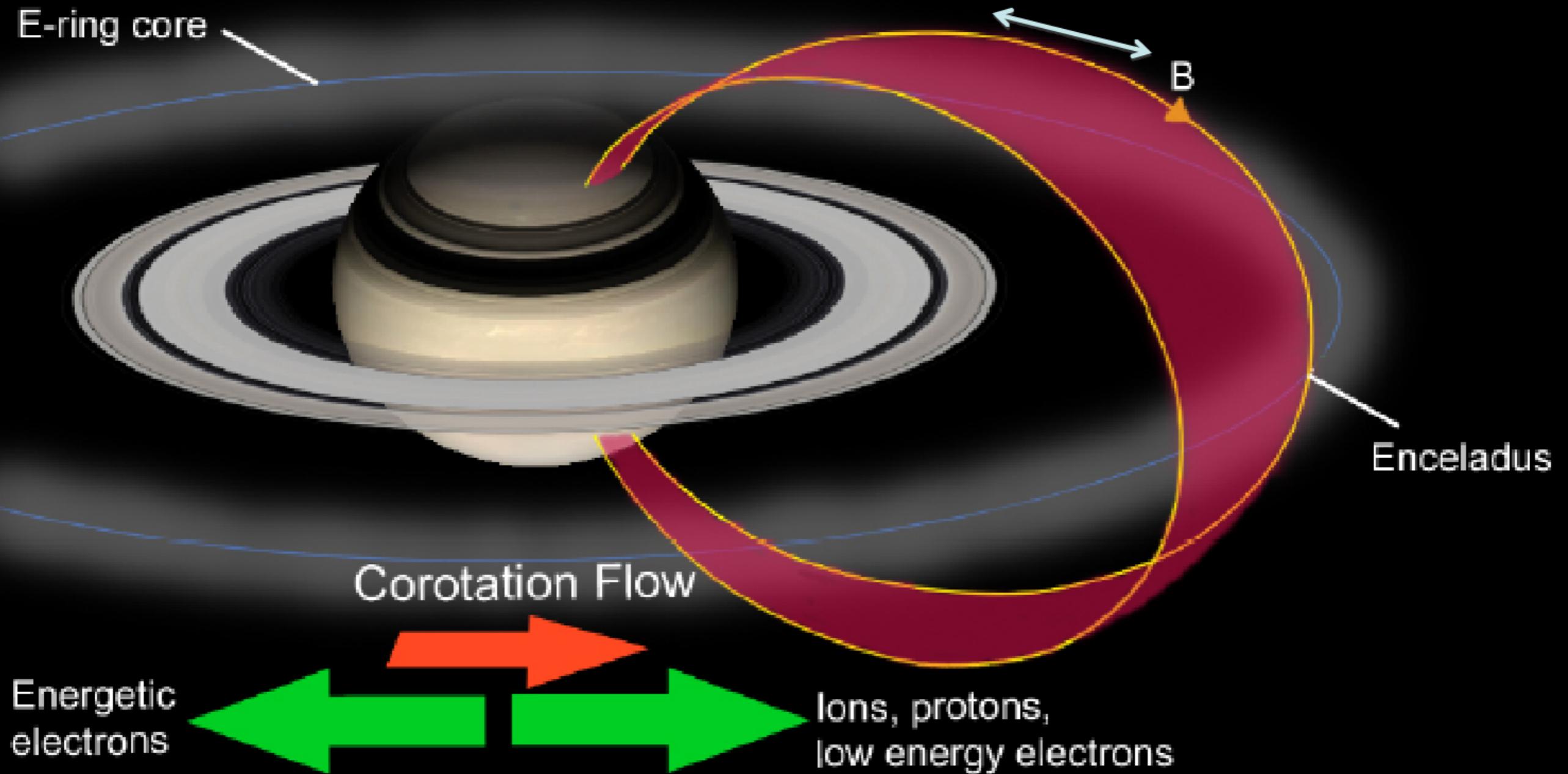
Van Allen belts at Saturn



- Curves show proton radiation belts of Saturn. Protons have MeV energies
- Protons are created from neutrons produced by cosmic particles hitting Saturn
- They redistribute due to diffusion...
- ...until they reach the orbits of the icy moons or rings and get lost there. The E ring has no effect.



Trapped energetic electrons and ions bounce north and south, guided by Saturn's magnetic field



Depletion in ions and electrons where magnetic field has passed through a moon (the moon's **L-shell**).

E-ring core

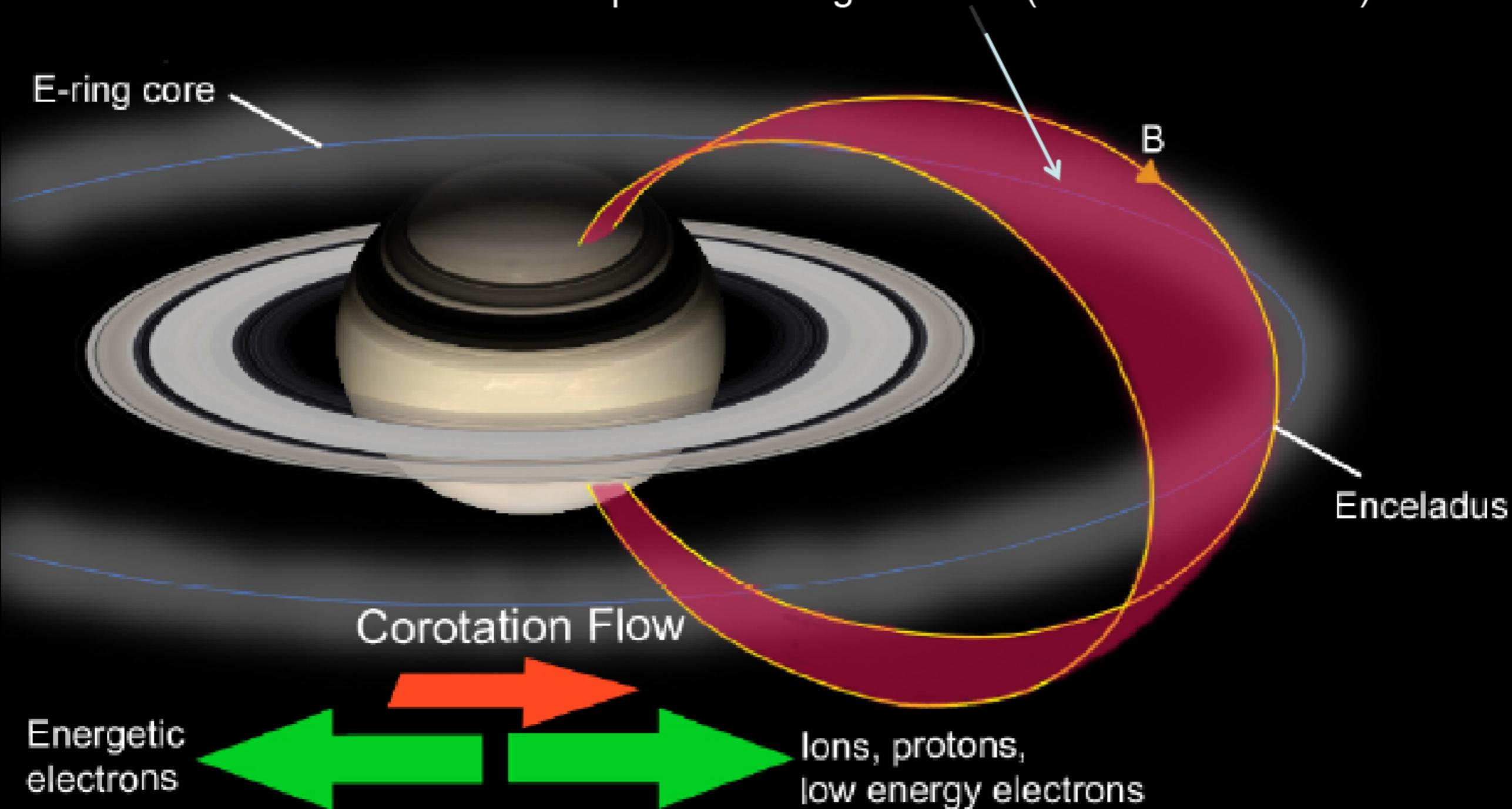
B

Enceladus

Corotation Flow

Energetic electrons

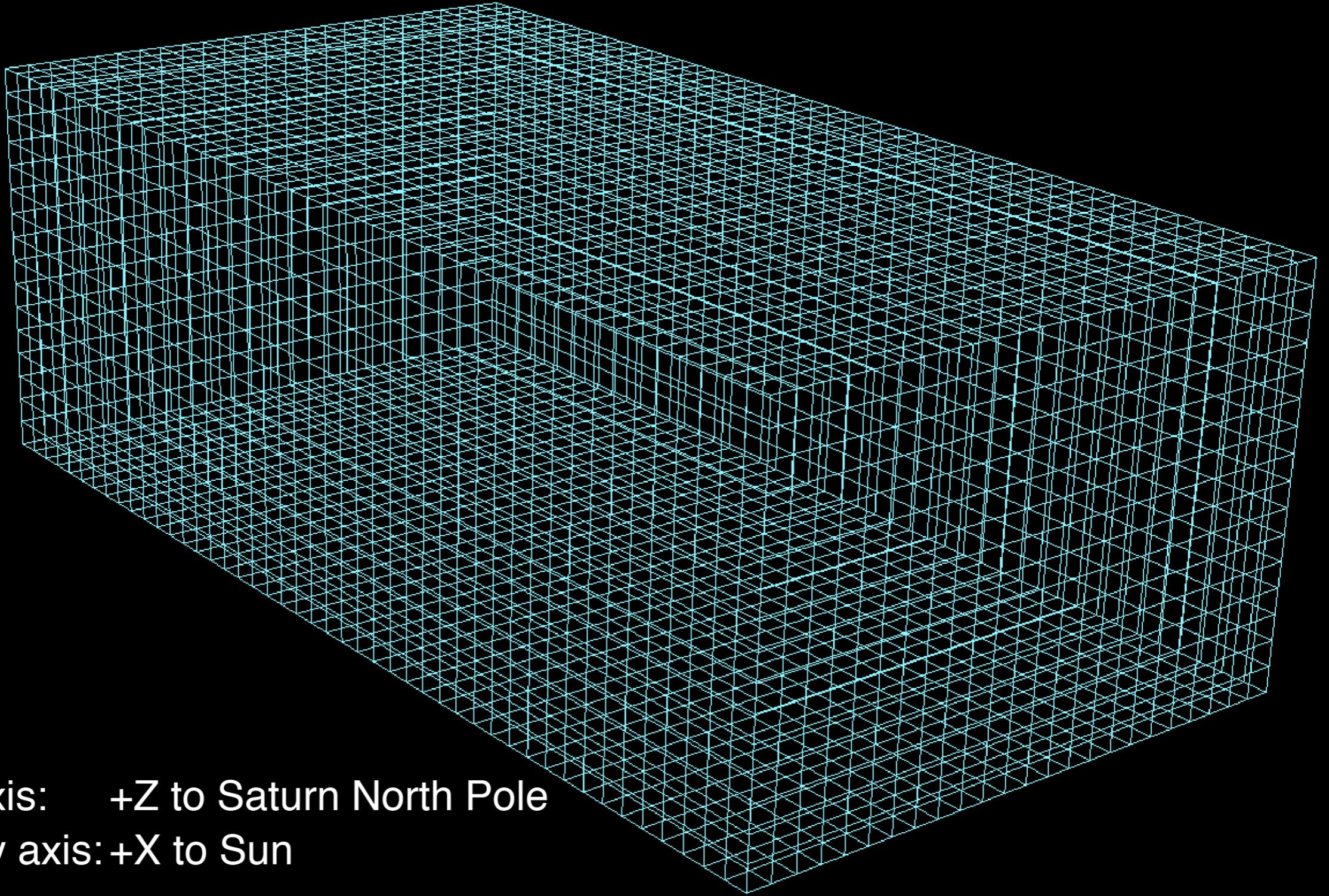
Ions, protons, low energy electrons



Euler potentials

In progress

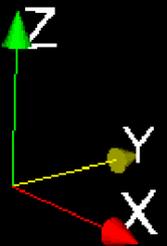
@10:15



SZS

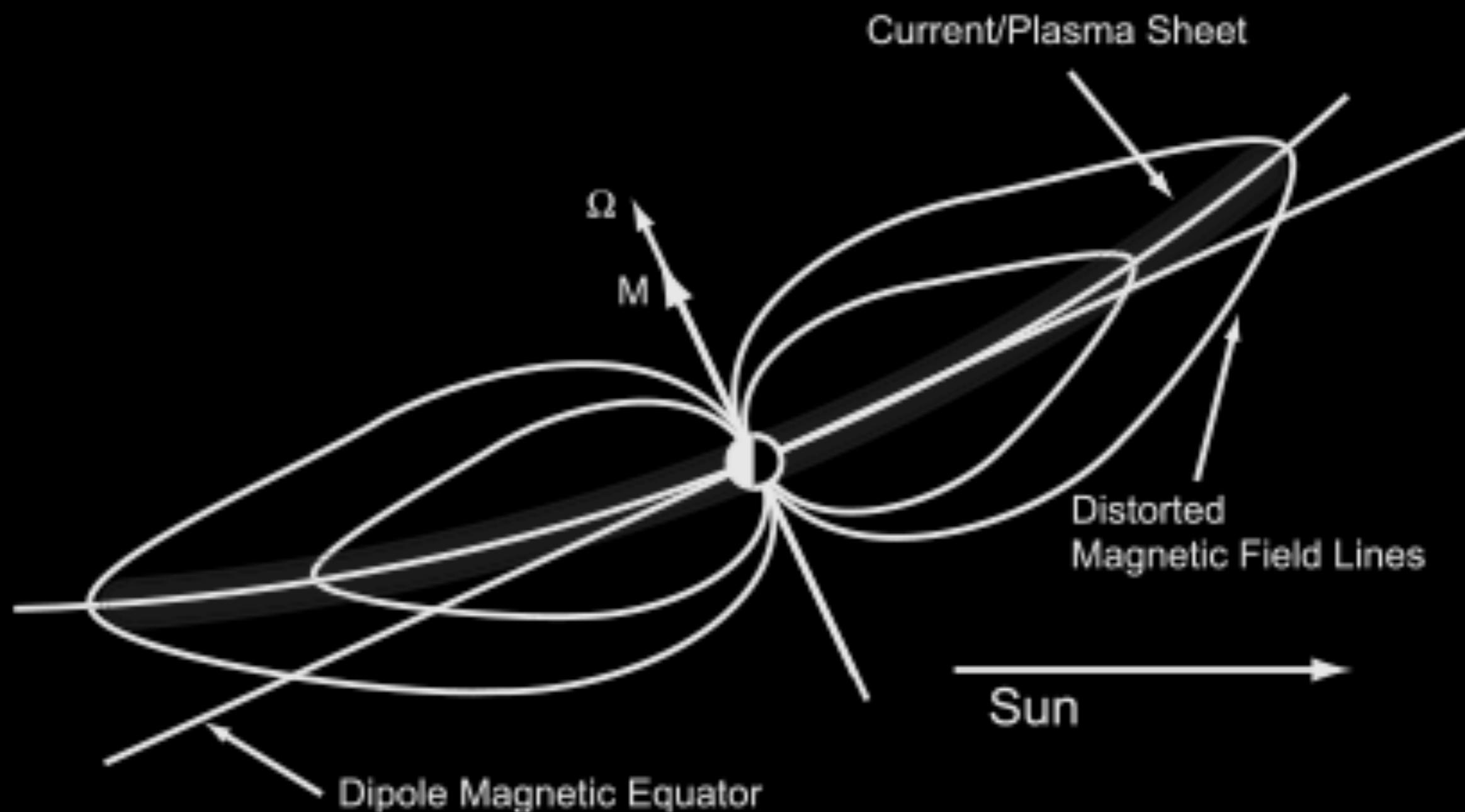
Primary axis: +Z to Saturn North Pole

Secondary axis: +X to Sun

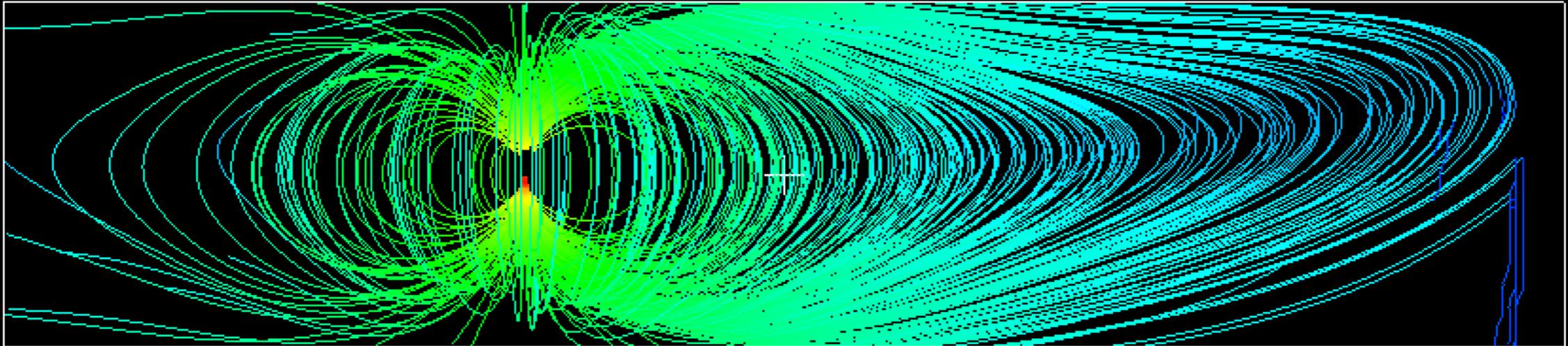


(KSM: Kronocentric Solar Magnetospheric)

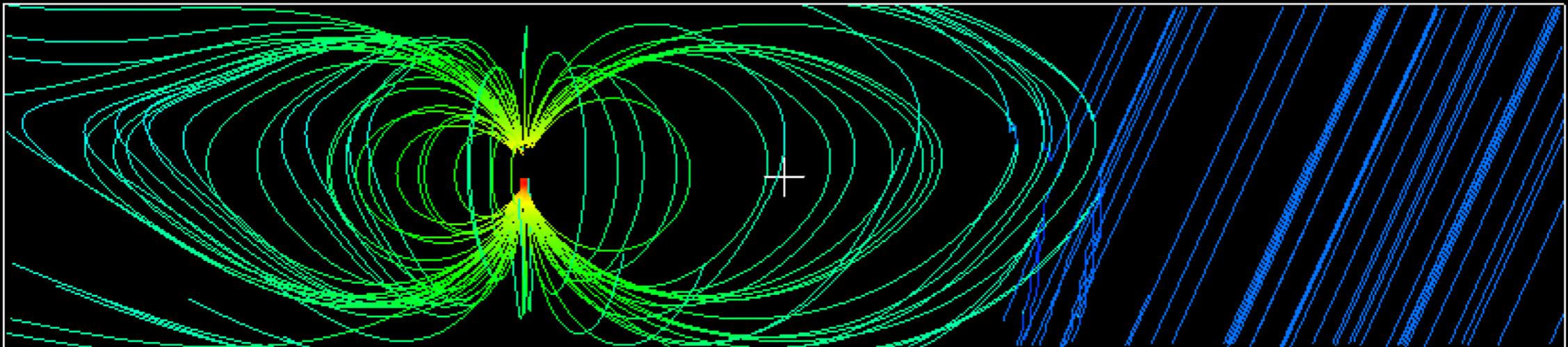
Saturn's bowl-shaped magnetodisc



B-field: X-Z View



Dynamic Pressure = 0.01 nPa



Dynamic Pressure = 0.10 nPa

Saturn's Planetary Magnetic Field

$$B_r = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial r} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \left[(n+1) \left(\frac{a}{r}\right)^{(n+2)} [g_{nm} \cos(m\phi) + h_{nm} \sin(m\phi)] - n \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{(n-1)} [G_{nm} \cos(m\phi) + H_{nm} \sin(m\phi)] \right] P_{nm} \cos(\theta)$$

$$B_\theta = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} = -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \left[\left(\frac{a}{r}\right)^{(n+2)} [g_{nm} \cos(m\phi) + h_{nm} \sin(m\phi)] + \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{(n-1)} [G_{nm} \cos(m\phi) + H_{nm} \sin(m\phi)] \right] \frac{dP_{nm} \cos(\theta)}{d\theta}$$

$$B_\phi = -\frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \left[m \left(\frac{a}{r}\right)^{(n+2)} [g_{nm} \sin(m\phi) - h_{nm} \cos(m\phi)] + \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{(n-1)} [G_{nm} \cos(m\phi) + H_{nm} \sin(m\phi)] \right] P_{nm} \cos(\theta)$$