

## Practice Problems Related to Blackbodies

Two stars that have the same radius, and are the same distance from us, have different temperatures  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ . We suppose that they both emit isotropically, and their spectra are perfect blackbodies.

1. Give a simple expression for the ratio of the specific intensities that we see between the two stars at a frequency  $\nu$  such that  $h\nu \ll kT_1$  and  $h\nu \ll kT_2$ .
2. Same as problem 1, except that  $h\nu \gg kT_1$  and  $h\nu \gg kT_2$ .

Now we suppose that we look at a single star, which again emits isotropically as a perfect blackbody. We fit the spectrum and discover that the blackbody temperature  $T$ , and that bolometric flux is  $F$ . We measure (by parallax, say) the distance to the star to be  $d$ .

3. Calculate the radius of the star.